The Globe.

WILLIAM LEWIS, Editor and Proprietor. —PERSEVERE.— TERMS, $2,00 a year in advance.

VOL. XXI. HUNTINGDON, PA., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1865. NO. 22.

TERMS OF THE GLOBE.

Per annum in advance.....$2 00
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	1 insertion.	2 do.	3 do.
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Professional and Business Cards not exceeding six lines, One year,.....$5 00
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☞Ten lines of nonpareil make a square. About eight words constitute a line, so that any person can easily calculate a square in manuscript.

Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to these terms.

Our prices for the printing of Blanks, Handbills, etc. are also increased.

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS

JOHN SCOTT, SAMUEL T. BROWN, JOHN M. BAILE

The name of this firm has been changed from SCOTT & BROWN, to

SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY,

under which name they will hereafter conduct their practice as

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.

PENSIONS, and all claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government, will be promptly prosecuted.
May 17, 1865–tf.

K. A. LOVELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

☞Prompt and careful attention will be given to the collection of all claims against the Government for Back Pay, Bounty, Pensions, &c.

OFFICE—With J. W. Mattern, Esq., in the brick row, nearly opposite the Court House. no8–6m*

W. A STEPHENS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

OFFICE.—In Treasurer's room in Court House—up stairs.
Huntingdon, Dec. 16, 1863.

LAW ASSOCIATION.

The undersigned have associated themselves together in the practice of the law in Huntingdon, Pa. Office in the one now, and formerly occupied by J. Jewell Stewart, adjoining the Court House.

A. W. BENEDICT.
J. SEWELL STEWART.

July 20, 1864.

J. D. CAMPBELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
HUNTINGDON, PA.

Office in the Brick Row, nearly opposite the Court House. [April 15, 1863.

GEO. W. SWARTZ,
Clock & Watch Maker,
At the old stand of Swartz & McCabe,
HILL STREET, HUNTINGDON, PA
my10,1865–6m

Exchange Hotel,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
WM. C. McNULTY, PROPRIETOR,
Formerly of the Franklin Hotel, Chambersburg.
TERMS LIBERAL.
may3, 1865–1y.

THE JACKSON HOTEL,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
HENRY SMITH, Proprietor.
Huntingdon, Aug. 23, 1865.

Auctioneer.

JOHN MEGAHAN informs the public that he has taken out a license to cry sales at any place in the 17th Congressional district. Address him at Riddlesburg, Bedford county, or Postmaster at James Creek, Huntingdon county. se26-3m

R. ALLISON MILLER,
DENTIST,
Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House.
April 13, 1859.

J. E. GREENE, DENTIST.
Office removed to opposite the store of D. P. Gwin, in the square, Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.
April 13, 1864.

DR. D. P. MILLER,
Office opposite Jackson House, offers his service to citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. no1–6ms

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Reed's Drug Store. Aug. 23, '65.

S. S. SMITH, Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Dye Stuffs, Oils, &c. Also—Groceries, Confectioneries, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

JAMES A. BROWN, Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

H. ROMAN, Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.

D. P. GWIN, Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.

S. E. HENRY & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, and Provisions of all kinds, Huntingdon.

C. LONG & CO., Dealers in Candies, Nuts, Family Groceries, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

HENRY STROUSE & CO., Markleburg, Pa., Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, etc.

WM. AFRICA, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, in the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.

LEOPOLD BLOOM, Huntingdon, Pa, Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, Hats, Caps, &c.

GEORGE SHAEFFER, Boot and Shoe Merchant, Huntingdon, Pa.

JOHN H. WESTBROOK, Dealer in Boots, Shoes, Hosiery, Confectionery, Huntingdon.

Z. YENTER, Dealer in Groceries and Provisions of all kinds, Huntingdon, Pa.

SIMON COHN, Coffee Run, Dealer in Dress Goods, Groceries, Wood and Willow Ware.

J. B. SHONTZ & BRO., Marklesburg, Dealers in Ready Made Clothing, Jewelry, &c.

SIMPSON, ARMITAGE & CO., Dealers in Books and Stationery, Huntingdon, Pa.

DONNELL & KLINE, PHOTOGRAPHERS, Huntingdon, Pa.

DR. WM. BREWSTER, Huntingdon. [Cures by Electropathy.]

M. GUTMAN & CO., Dealers in Ready made Clothing, Huntingdon, Pa.

HENRY M'MANIGALL, Proprietor of Livery stable, Washington street, Huntingdon.

B. M. GREENE, Dealer in Music, musical Instruments, Sewing Machines, Huntingdon.

S. SHOEMAKER, Agent for the Magic Star Liniment, Huntingdon, Pa.

A. P BRUMBAUGH, Agent for the Victor Cane Mill, &c., James Creek, Hunt. co., Pa

WM. WILLIAMS, Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturer.

WM. LEWIS, Dealer in Books, Stationery and Musical Instruments, Huntingdon, Pa.

BILL POSTER.

The undersigned offers his services to business men and others desiring circulars distributed or handbills posted. He can be seen at the Globe office.
Huntingdon, Aug. 16, 1865. JOHN KOPLIN.

BUSINESS MEN, TAKE NOTICE!
If you want your card neatly printed on envelopes, call at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

BLANK BOOKS, OF VARIOUS SIZES, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE

THE GLOBE
JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

THE "GLOBE JOB OFFICE" is the most complete of any in the country, and possesses the most ample facilities for promptly executing in the *best* style, every variety of Job Printing, such as

HAND BILLS,
PROGRAMMES,
BLANKS,
POSTERS,
BILL HEADS,
CARDS,
CIRCULARS,
BALL TICKETS,
LABELS, &C., &C., &C

CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF WORK,
AT LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

The Noose from Noo Gersey.

Mr. Petroleum V. Nasby Uttereth a Wail—He is an Outcast and a Wanderer, Etc.

On the wing, November 9th, 1865.—Never wuz I in so pleasant a frame uv mind ez last night. All wuz peace with me, for after bein buffeted about the world for three skore years, at last it seemed to me ez tho forchune, tired uv persekootin a unforchnit bein, had taken me into favor. I hed a sollem promise frum the Demmekretic State Centrul Committy in the grate State uv Noo Gersey, that ez soon ez our candydate for Guvernor wuz deoly elected, I shood hev the possition of Doorkeeper to the House of the Lords (which in this State means the Captul and which is certainly far better than dwellin in the tents uv wicked grosry keepers, on tick, ez I do,) and a joodishus exhibishun uv this promise hed prokoored me unlimited facilities for borrerin, wich I improoved muchly.

On Wensday nite I was a sittin in my room, a enjoyin the pleasin reflexshun that inn a few days I should bee placed above want, and beyond the contingensees of forchune. Wood! O wood that I hed died then and there, before that dream of bliss was roodly broken. A wicked boy cum runnen past with a paper wich he had brought from the next town where there lives a man who takes one. He flung it in the window at me and past on. I opened it eagerly, and glanced at the hed lines!

"*Noo Gersey*, 5,000 *Republikin.*"

One long and peercing shreek wuz heerd thru that house, and when the inmates rushed into the room they found me inanymate on the floor. The fatal paper lay near me, explainin the cause of the catastrophey. The kind hearted landlord, after feeling uv my pockets & diskiverin that the contents thereof wood not pay the arrearages uv board, held a hurried consultation with his wife as to the propriety of bringin me to, he insisting that it wuz the only chance of gittin what wuz back—she insistin that ef I was brung to I'd go on runnin up the bill bigger and bigger, and never pay at last.—While they was argooing the matter pro and con, I happened to git a good smell uv his breath, wich restored me to conshusnes to ounst, without further assistance.

When in trouble my poetic sole alluz finds vent in song. Did ever poot who delited in tombs, & dark rollin streams and consumtion, and blighted hopes, & decay, and sich themes, ever hev sich a pick of subjees ez I hev at this time? The follerin may be a consolation to the few Demekrats of the north, who have gone so far into copperheadism that they can't change their base:

A Wale!

In the morning we go forth rejoicin in our strength—in the evening we are busted and wilt.

Man born uv woman (and most men are) is uv few days, and them is so full of trouble that it's skarsely worth wile bein born at all.

In October I waded in woe knee deep, and now the waters of afflicshun are about my chin.

I look to the east, and Massychusets rolls in Ablishun.

To the West I turn my eyes, and Wisconsin and Minnesota and Illinoy ansers Ablishun.

Southward I turn my implorin gaze & Maryland sends greetin—Ablishun.

In New York we had em, for lo we run a soldier, who fought valiantly, and we put him on a platform which stunk with nigger—yea, the savor thereof was louder than the Ablishun platform itself. But behold the people jeer and flout, and say "the platform stinketh loud enough, but the smell thereof is not the smell of the Afrikin it is of the rotten material of which it is composed, and the corropshun they hev placed on it"—and New York goes Ablishun. Slocum held hisself up and sed "come and buy." And our folks bought him and his tribe, but he getteth not his price.

Noo Gersey—Ablishun!

Job's cattle was slain by murrain and holler horn and sich, and not livin near Noo York, the flesh thereof he could not sell.

But Job had sumethin left—still he cood sell the hides and tallow.

Lazarus hed sores, but he hed dogs to lick them.

Noo Gersey was the hide and tallow of the Demokrisy, and lo, that is gone.

What little is left of the Demokrasy is all sore, but where is the dorg so low as to lick it?

Noo Gersey was our ewo lamb—lo, the strong hand of Ablishun took it.

Noo Gersey was the Aryrat on wich our ark rested—behold the dark wave uv Ablishnism sweep over it.

Darkness falls over me, like a pall—the shaddor of woe encumpasses me Down my furrered cheeks rolleth the tears uv anguish, varin in size from a large pea to a small tater.

Noo Gersey will vote for the Constitushunal Amendment, and lo the niggers will possess the land. I see the most horrid vizyuns.

On the Camden and Amboy nigger brakemen—and at the polls, niggers.

Where shall we find refuge?

In the North? Lo, it is barred agin us by Ablishnism.

In the South? In their eyes the Northern copperhead findeth no favor.

In Mexico? There is war there, and we might be drafted.

Who will deliver us? Who will pluck us frum the pit in2 wich we fell.

Where shel I go the Lord only knos, but my impression is, South Karaliny will be my future home. Wade Hamton is elected Governor, certin, and in that noble State one may perhaps preserve enough of the old Demokratic States Rites leaven to leaven the lump.

"I'm aflote, I'm aflote,
On the dark rollin sea."

And into what harbor fate will drive my weather beaten bark, the undersigned cannot trooly say.

Noo Gersey—farewell. The wurld may stand it a year or 2, but I dout it.

Mournfly and sadly,

PETROLEUM V. NASBY,
Late Pastor of the Church of the Noo Dispensashen.

Treatment of Children.

The following simple rules for the government of children should be observed by parents and teachers:

1. From the child's early infancy inculcate the necessity of instant obedience.

2. Unite firmness with gentleness.—Let your children always understand that you mean exactly what you say.

3. Never promise them anything unless you are sure that you can give them what you promise.

4. If you tell a child to do anything, show him how to do it, and see that it is done.

5. Always punish children for *wilfully* disobeying you, but never punish when you are angry.

6. Never let them perceive that they can vex you, or make you lose your self command.

7. Never smile at any of their actions of which you do not approve, even tho' they are somewhat amusing.

8. If they give way to petulance and temper, wait till they are calm, and then gently reason with them on the impropriety of their conduct.

9. Remember that a little present punishment, when the occasion arises, is much more effectual than the threatening of a greater punishment should the fault be renewed.

10. Never give your children anything because they cry for it.

11. On no account allow them to do at one time what you have forbidden, under the same circumstances, at another.

12. Teach them that the only sure and easy way to appear good, is to be good.

13. Accustom them to make their little recitals the perfect truth.

14. Never allow talebearing.

15. Teach them that self denial, not self indulgence, is the appointed and sure method of securing happiness.

A DEAF CRIER.—An old court crier, who had grown grey in the cause, and as deaf as a beetle, was in the habit of calling the names of witnesses (which he generally managed to get wrong) from the second story window of the court house, in such a stentorian voice as to be heard with distinctness for a square or more. One one occasion, in the course of a very serious and somewhat important suit, the presence of a witness, named Arabella Hanks, was needed. The crier, like a parrot, sat nodding on his perch, when he was aroused from his slumber by an order from the Court to call the witness.—Looking anxiously at the Judge with his hand to his ear, in order to catch the sound correctly, he said:

"What, your lordship?"

"Call Arabella Hanks," said Judge.

Still in doubt, the poor crier arose from his seat and said again, with a much puzzled look. "What, your lordship?"

"Call Arabella Hanks, crier, and delay the court no longer!" said the Judge much provoked.

The old crier, thereupon, with a countenance which indicated both doubt and desperation, proceeded to the window, and in his loudest voice called out,

"Yaller Belly Shanks! Yaller Belly Shanks! Yaller, Belly Shanks! come into court!"

It is needless to say that the seriousness of the court room was conclusively dispelled; and quiet was restored only to be again disturbed by the laughter caused by the crier, who in answer to the Court as to whether or not the witness replied, said, "No, your lordship; and I don't believe there is such a person in the county, for I've lived here forty years, and I never he'ord of him before!"

Parson Brownlow on the Situation.

State of Tennessee, Executive Department, Nashville, November 13.—In your paper (Cincinnati *Gazette*) of Saturday, I find this notice:—

Governor Brownlow was robbed of five hundred dollars and his watch by some highwaymen near Nashville, while he was riding out with Hon. Horace Maynard, on Friday morning.

This is a mistake. It was my son, the Adjutant General of the State, who was riding in a buggy, with a son of Horace Maynard. I am too prudent a man to ride out on any road leading from or coming into Nashville other than a railroad. This whole country abounds in thieves and robbers, any of whom would murder a man for his watch or a five dollar bill. Despite of all the vigilance exercised by the civil and military authorities, murders and robberies are of daily occurrence, both in Nashville and the surrounding counties of Middle Tennessee. As loud and numerous as are the complaints against East Tennessee by the papers of Nashville and a certain class of politicians, there are five of these outrages perpetrated in Middle Tennessee to every one that occurs in the eastern division of the State. To be candid, there is almost as much disloyalty in Middle Tennessee now as there was in 1861. And this is so of the whole South, minus the number of disloyal men who are under ground! Tennessee is in a *much better condition than any one* of the seceded States, and she has great room for improvement. Six or seven out of her eight representatives to Congress are true and loyal men. For the good of the State and nation I should like to see them admitted to seats in the approaching session. But this I cannot say of the other Southern States. They will not elect loyal men to Congress, nor can a loyal man be elected Governor of one of those States. Their conventions and legislatures are overwhelmingly Rebel, and will be for years to come. Their candidates for Governor, Congress, and the Legislature, as well as for county officers, urge their claims for votes on the ground that they had done all in their power to aid the Rebellion. They are for assuming the Rebel war debt, and they are for legislating Northern men out of the South?

In a word, the Rebels of the South have by no means abandoned the long-cherished idea of separating the Government. They are looking to this end; and more, they are organizing with a view to this result. They do not propose to dissolve the Union by the use of the sword and bayonet. They have tried this in a wicked war of four dreary years, and signally failed. Their purpose is to accomplish their infernal plans through the ballot box in Congress, and they look to the Copperhead Democracy and other Northern traitors to aid them. Thank God, the recent elections at the North have blasted their hopes for the present, and taught them that the real people, the loyal masses of the great North, are all right.

My hopes for the future are in the goodness, the obstinate loyalty, and determined purposes of the Republican majority in Congress. I pray God they will not admit Rebels into Congress indiscriminately, because they have taken the amnesty oath or obtained the Executive pardon. As President Johnson said, let them occupy the back seats for a few years.

I am one of those at the South who believe this war has closed out two years too soon. The Rebels have been whipped, but not whipped enough.

For saying these things I expect to be abused by all Rebel papers South, and by all traitorous sheets at the North. Let them say out; I am able to stand their abuse. I am for the American Union, regardless of the hate of sections, the war of parties, or the malice of individuals.

I have the honor to be, very truly and sincerely, W. G. BROWNLOW.

MANY A FARMER complains that he has not time even to read a newspaper. Not time! Why, my dear sir, it is your duty to read the agricultural department of your paper, and you should take time to do it, that you may proceed the more intelligently and effectively in the execution of your work. It is not by keeping your nose to the grindstone all the time that you can accomplish the most. If you were to devote a larger portion of your time to the perusal of standard agricultural works, you would find, at the end of the year, that you have more done and better done than you would by the old sweat-and-drive process.

☞ Unsocial old Snarl says that love is a combination of diseases—an affection of the heart, and an inflammation of the brain.

Tramp, Tramp, Tramp!"

Americans are peculiar in one thing; they will sing a song to death. In our brief existence we can recall many instances of the kind. We remember how often "Old Dan Tucker" was taunted with being too late to come to his evening meal; how little rest we gave "O Susannah," (we owe Susannah a weighty debt,) and how entrancingly we alluded to the eyes of "Dearest Mac," those orbs that rendered midnight entirely superfluous. For a long time "The Poor Old Slave" was allowed little repose, although he had ostensibly "gone to rest." "The Old Folks at Home" were ruthlessly torn from that quiet and seclusion which their age imperatively demanded, and forced to do duty in every minstrel and concert company in the land. "Old Dog Tray," the faithful old pup, was for a long time drawn by the tail through all manner of brass instruments, wound up to an agonizing pitch by piano keys, and made to howl plaintively in four voices. The "Silver Moon" had to "roll on" by day as well as night, constantly performing the unremunerative task of guiding "the traveler on his way," apparently regardless as to whether the "nightingale's song was in tune" or not. "Home, Sweet Home," has been so successfully divested of all its attractive features that many people have been satisfied to become wanderers for the remainder of their existence. "Gentle Annie" was a great bore for a time, and although we were constantly assured that "Thou wilt come no more, gentle Annie," she still kept coming.

Then there was no end to those winds that "Blew bitter across the wild moor." We got very sick of so much "blowing" over the moor. Othello, the Moor of Venice wasn't blowed over more. "Nellie was a lady," sang everybody. Well, she might have been, but where an assertion of that nature is made so often and so persistently, we are inclined to question the foundation for the assertion. We have heard young ladies singing, "Who will care for mother now?" while their mothers were wearing themselves out in the kitchen over the family washing. Then there is "John Brown's body." Instead of being permitted to lie quietly "mouldering in the grave," it was kept "marching on," with enough knapsacks "strapped upon his back" to supply a regiment with that necessary article of camp and garrison equipage. "When this cruel war is over" had a pretty good run. The heartiest congratulations that were induced by the termination of the war arose from the fact that people got over singing when this cruel war is over, etc. Now the popular tongue is singing and whistling "Tramp, tramp, tramp, the boys are marching." We are in great danger of being tramped to death with it. You hear it in the workshop and in the billiard saloon. "Beneath the starry flag we will breathe the air again." We had been holding our breath or else breathing chloroform up to this period, we suppose, but now "we breathe the air again." This air is breathed by a great many people about now. What next? we wait the reply of the popular song writer.—*Rural New Yorker.*

☞ The Hon. A. K. McClure, of the Chambersburg *Repository*, recently paid a visit to President Johnson, and in a letter to his paper thus alludes to the President: There are few men who could make a more favorable impression upon a stranger on first acquaintance, than the President. He differs from Mr. Lincoln in most external characteristics, and in many contrasts favorably. He lacks Mr. Lincoln's jolly humor; improves upon his ungainly ways; is vastly more diplomatic, and wears a uniform and quiet dignity that would have been shockingly out of place in his lamented predecessor, but which well becomes the Chief Executive of a great Nation. He is about five feet ten in height, rather stoutly and symmetrically built, has long hair, well silvered by the frosts of time, rather a cold grey eye that looks as if in its calmest glances there slumbers behind it quite enough to quicken it; a finely chiseled Roman face, usually sad in expression, at times relieved by a genial smile, and in manner and dress serenely plain and unaffected. Such, in brief, is a portrait of Andrew Johnson, but two years ago the despised, the reviled of traitors; the man upon whose head fell their fiercest denunciations, and against whom were hurled their keenest and deadliest shafts, and now the President of the United States with his toes at his feet supplicating his pardon, and charged with the highest duties and responsibilities ever imposed on mortal man. He meets the visitor cordially, and speaks in the softest tone and well measured sentences.

A Loyal Woman's Work.

At the breaking out of the war Mrs. Johnston was teaching a school at Salisbury, where she was born and always resided. When the first prisoners were brought into that place, the Southern women turned out in their carriages, and, with a band, escorted them through the town, and when they filed past saluted them with contemptuous epithets. From that time Mrs. Johnston determined to devote herself to the amelioration of the condition of the prisoners; and the testimony of thousands of the Union soldiers confined there proves how nobly she performed the duties she undertook. It was no easy task, for she was entirely alone, being the only woman who openly advocated Union sentiments and attempted to administer to the wants of the prisoners. For fifteen months none of the women of Salisbury spoke to her or called upon her, and every possible indignity was heaped on her as a "Yankee sympathizer." Her scholars were withdrawn from her school, and it was broken up, and her means were very limited; nevertheless, she accomplished more by systematic arrangements than many would have done with a large outlay of money.

When the first exchange of prisoners was made, she went to the depot to arrange some pallets for some of the sick who were leaving, when she stumbled in the crowd, and looking down she found a young Federal soldier who had fainted and fallen, and was in danger of being trodden to death. She raised him up and called for water, but none of the people would get a drop to save a "Yankee's" life. Some of the soldiers who were in the cars threw their canteens to her, and she succeeded in reviving him; during this time the crowd heaped upon her every insulting epithet they could think of, and her life even was in danger.

But she braved all, and succeeded in obtaining permission from Colonel Godwin, then in command of the post, who was a kind-hearted man, to let her remove him to her own house, promising to take care of him as if he were her own son, and if he died to give him Christian burial. He was in the last stages of consumption, and she felt sure he would die if taken to the prison hospital. None of the citizens of the place would even assist in carrying him, and after a time two gentlemen from Richmond stepped forward and helped convey him to her house. There she watched over him for hours, as he was in a terrible state from neglect; having had blisters applied to his chest; which had never been dressed, and were full of vermin.

The poor boy, whose name was Hugh Berry, from Ohio, only lived a few days, and she had a grave dug for him in her garden in the night, for burial had been refused in the public graveyard, and she had been threatened that if she had him interred decently his body should be dug up and buried in the street. They even attempted to take his body from the house for that purpose, but she stood at her door, pistol in hand, and told them the first man who dared to cross her threshold for such a purpose should be shot like a dog. They did not attempt it, and she performed her promise to the letter.

During the first two years she was enabled to do a great many acts of kindness for the prisoners, but after that time she was watched very closely as a Yankee sympathizer, and the rules of the prison were stricter, and what she could do was done by strategy.

Her means were now much reduced, but she still continued in her good work, cutting up her carpets and spare blankets to make into moccasins, and when new squads of prisoners arrived, supplied them with bread and water as they halted in front of her house, which they were compelled to do for hours, without the rotine of being mustered into the prison. They were not allowed to leave their ranks, and she would turn an old-fashioned windlass herself for hours, raising water from her well; for the prisoners were often twenty-four to forty-eight hours on the railroad without rations or water.

Generally the officer in command would grant her request; but once a sergeant told her, in reply, if she gave any of them a drop of water or a piece of bread, or dared to come outside her gate for that purpose he would pin her to the earth with his bayonet. She defied him, and taking her pail of water in one hand, and a basket of bread in the other, she walked directly past him on her errand of mercy; he followed her, placing his bayonet between her shoulders, just so that she could feel the cold steel. She turned and coolly asked him why he did not pin her to the earth, as he had threatened to do, but got no reply. Then some of the Rebels said, "Sergeant, you can't make anything on that woman, you had better let her alone," and she performed her work unmolested. She came North last summer to visit her daughter, who had been placed at a school in Connecticut by the kindness of some of the officers she had befriended in prison, transportation having been given her by Generals Schofield and Carter, who testified to the services she had rendered our prisoners, and that she was entitled to the gratitude of the Government and all loyal citizens.

Though Mrs. Johnston does not ask for any assistance, yet her means are so limited that she may actually suffer this winter. Under these circumstances a subscription has been opened for her relief, and any contributions enclosed to E. R. Anthony, Vice President of the Sun Mutual Insurance Company, in this city, will be forwarded to her.—*New York Evening Post.*

Proclamation by the Governor.

The 7th of December appointed a State Thanksgiving Day.

HARRISBURG, Nov. 7.—The following proclamation was issued to day:

With feelings of the most profound gratitude to Almighty God, I invite the good people of the Commonwealth to meet in their places of public worship on Thursday, the seventh day of December next, and raise their hearts and voices in praise and thanksgiving to Him, not only for the manifest ordinary blessings which, during the past year, he has continued to heap upon us, for abundant and gathered harvests, for thriving industry, for general health, for domestic good order and government, but also most expressly and fervently for his unequalled goodness in having so strengthened and guarded our people during the last four years that they have been enabled to crush to the earth the late wicked rebellion—to exterminate the system of human slavery, which caused it. As we wrestled in prayer with Him in the dark time of our trouble, when our brothers and sons were staking life and limb for us on a bloody field, or suffering by torture or famine in the hells of Andersonville or the Libby, so now, when our supplications have been so marvellously and graciously answered, let us not withhold from Him the homage of our thanksgiving. Let us say to all, "Choose, ye, this day, whom ye will serve, but for us and our house, we will serve the Lord." Come, then, ye people whom He hath so helped and led; come ye war-worn and mutilated men whom He hath spared to return to your dear homes; let us throng the gates of His temples; let us throw ourselves on the knees of our hearts with a wilful joy at the foot of His throne, and render aloud our praise and thanksgiving to Him, *because* He hath made the right to prevail; because He hath given us the victory; because He hath cleansed our land from the stain of human slavery, and because He hath graciously shown forth in the eyes of all men the great truth that no government is so strong as a republic controlled under his guidance by an educated, moral and religious people.

By the Governor.

ELI SLIFER,
Secretary of the Commonwealth

A National Thanksgiving.

By the President of the United States of America:

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, It has pleased Almighty God during the year which is now coming to an end, to relieve our beloved country from the fearful scourge of civil war, and to permit us to secure the blessings of peace, unity, and harmony with a great enlargement of civil liberty: And whereas our Heavenly Father has also during the year graciously averted from us the calamities of foreign war, pestilence and famine, while our granaries are full of the fruits of an abundant season: And whereas righteousness exalteth a nation, while sin is a reproach to any people;

Now, therefore, be it known, that I, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, do hereby recommend to the people thereof that they do set apart and observe the first Thursday of December next as a day of National Thanks—given to the Creator of the Universe for these deliverances and blessings. And I do further recommend, that on that occasion the whole people make confession of our national sins against His infinite goodness, and with one heart and one mind implore the Divine guidance in the ways of national virtue and holiness.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this twenty-eighth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and of the independence of the United States of America the ninetieth.

ANDREW JOHNSON.

By the President:
WM. H. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Nov. 29, 1865.

W. Lewis, Editor and Proprietor.
Hugh Lindsay, Associate Editor.

The New Congress.

The XXXIXth Congress will convene at Washington on Monday next, December 4. In the Senate the Hon. Lafayette S. Foster, of Connecticut, will take the chair as President pro tem., with Col. J. W. Forney, of Pennsylvania, as Secretary. The majority of the Unionists is so heavy that it can in no case be overcome except by division; the only Opposition Senators entitled to take seats without inquiry being Messrs. Wright and Stockton of New Jersey, Buckalew of Pennsylvania, Riddle and Saulsbury of Delaware, Davis and Powell of Kentucky, R. Johnson of Maryland, Hendricks of Indiana, McDougall of California, and Nesmith of Oregon—11 in all, to 38 Unionists. If every State lately in rebellion were to have Senators present at the hour of opening the session, (as several of them will not,) and if each were to claim and hold his seat, there would still be a Unionist majority. So no more need be said of the Senate.

As to the House, the case is but little different. The Representatives who will take seats of course are politically divided as follows:

States.	Union.	Dem	States:	Union.	Dem.
Maine,	5		Kentucky,	4	5
New Hampshire,	3		Ohio,	17	2
Massachusetts,	10		Indiana,	8	3
Rhode Island,	2		Illinois,	11	3
Connecticut,	4		Michigan,	6	
Vermont,	3		Wisconsin,	5	1
New York,	20	11	Minnesota,	2	
New Jersey,	2	3	Iowa,	6	
Pennsylvania,	16	8	Missouri,	8	1
Delaware,		1	Nevada,	1	
Maryland,	3	2	California,	3	
West Virginia,	3		Oregon,	1	
Kansas,	1				

Total, Unionists, 144; Democrats, 40

It will be seen that the above table mentions the number of Representatives from the Northern States alone. It is thought and expected that members chosen from the late rebel States, and especially those who aided the rebellion, will be refused admittance.

ALMOST A WAR WITH ENGLAND.—From the following paragraph, taken from the *Blackwood Magazine*, it will be seen that Palmerston, the late Premier of England, was disposed to pick a quarrel with the United States; and that he would have been aided by the French emperor is equally certain.—There may be some exaggeration in the account, but it reveals the probable truth that some of the authorities of England, and the Premier in particular, would have engaged in war had it not been, as *Blackwood* says, for the interferference of Prince Albert.

In the Trent affair, on which it is now no longer a secret that Lord Palmerston made up his own mind to go to war with the Federal States, the Emperor of the French, equally long sighted, agreed with Lord Palmerston; and had there not been with him in the Cabinet men to whom the thought of war under any circumstances is dreadful, the message sent to Washington would have required a short and categorical answer, because a fleet equipped for action would have escorted it to the mouth of the Chesapeake.

In the Cabinet, however, there sat at the time not only Mr. Gladstone, Mr. Milner Gibson and Mr. Villiers, but Sir George Cornwall Lewis, the most subtle of political reasoners, the most pacific of ministers—one who could never be brought to see that in the lives of nations, as in those of private persons, there are moments when, though it can never be becoming to do wrong for its own sake, it is perfectly justifiable to anticipate others and to avert an injury inflicted against ourselves by inflicting it on them. We had, when the outrage on the Trent was committed, a long list of outrages to be accounted for. We had been cheated,—for there is no other word for it,—into the Ashburton treaty. The States claimed as territory what they had in their possession the clearest proof belonged to us; and as if to cap this outrage, the island of San Juan, admitted to be ours up to the moment of occupation by an American force, was invaded and kept military possession of.

These with other lesser, but not, therefore, unimportant wrongs, rankled and festered, and the Trent outrage presented such an opportunity as could never be expected to occur again for righting them all by a process which would have benefitted the whole world. Had we struck then, as Lord Palmerston was anxious that we should do, the Southern States would have achieved their independence and become to us faithful allies, as well as our very best customers.

THE SHENANDOAH.—The pirate Shenandoah, which has done so much damage to American vessels on both oceans, has closed its career. Waddel, its commander, gives, as an excuse for his thievery, that he did not know the war was over, and that for six months past he has been sailing under an unrecognized flag. The vessel has been handed over to the American Consul, at Liverpool, and a captain and crew have been engaged to take her to New York. This conduct of the British Government in surrendering the Shenandoah to the United States is not regarded in any quarter as deserving of especial commendation, unless the act be accompanied by compensation commensurate with the damages heretofore committed on American shipping by this English built and English recognized crusier. Surely, more remuneration than the mere delivery of the ship should be demanded. The value of the vessel is not by any means equivalent to the amount of damages to our ships, and the expense incurred in attempting its capture.

[For the Globe.]

PRESIDENT JOHNSON, like his predecessor, is a persecuted man. The enmity of the misnamed "Democracy" is not, however, heaped upon him in the same manner it was upon Abraham Lincoln. Not ridiculed, defamed, and denounced, he is nevertheless pursued by a method that is, to an honest man, equally unendurable. He is made the object of the deceitful flatteries and the sycophantic praises of the copperhead faction.

How easily might the "Democracy" have induced the country to believe in their sincerity, had they announced a concurrence in the principles that carried the nation so successfully through the war, and a determination to support the whole administration. But, instead of this, they assumed the anomalous and equivocal position of pretending to sustain the President, and, at the same time, continued their partisan clamor against the various members of his Cabinet. If Mr. Johnson's sympathies are so very "Democratic" why does he retain such radical advisers as Mr. Seward and Mr. Stanton? Why does he not select men whose opinions are more in harmony with the "Democracy," instead of those who, to a great degree, gave tone to the administration of Mr. Lincoln? Until these questions are satisfactorily answered, I cannot believe that there is any element of Copperheadism in President Johnson, or any discord between him and his ministers.

Professing to endorse the President's reconstruction policy, the "Democratic" press, with great unanimity, took Mr. Seward's Auburn speech as an occasion for the severest attacks on that statesman. Yet it was the ablest vindication of that policy that has appeared. If Mr. Seward cannot be allowed to defend the President's plan, then I must say that the pretensions of the "Democracy" are all hollow, hollow, hollow! They not only try to prevent Mr. Johnson's own party from supporting him, but go farther in charging upon his Cabinet officers those acts that savor too strongly of *radicalism* for their "Democratic" palates. The New York *World*, desiring to convince its readers of Mr. Stanton's tyranny, says: "It was he who induced President Johnson to issue the proclamation offering rewards for Davis and Sanders." This is a very awkward attempt to render the President acceptable to the "Democracy." Of course he must be relieved from any suspicion of having desired the capture of the arch traitor. Everything must be removed from his shoulders that would seem un-"Democratic," but really such an unskillful attempt as this will hardly meet with success. It requires but a moderate power of perception to see the broad insinuation that the President allowed himself to be controlled by his Secretary of war. Really, I see no prospects of President Johnson and the "Democracy" meeting on the same platform. COMMONPLACE.

The Words of a Conqueror.

When Gen. Sherman returned from the South, to present the laurels of his great victory to the Government, some slight disagreement between the hero and the Secretary of War produced a profound sensation in the circle of copperheadism. It was at once proclaimed that Sherman must be made President in 1868—that he was a Democrat, and because of which the "Abolition Administration" hated and slighted him. Now, let us see what Sherman himself puts on record on this subject. The following letter addressed to Gen. Kilpatrick, of New Jersey, has a volume of meaning for "men of all parties:"

"GEN. JUDSON KILPATRICK—*Dear Sir*:—I have observed with interest your political conflict in New Jersey. It is really provoking, hardly worthy of serious thought, but rather of satire and ridicule, the squirming of the politicians called Copperheads, who opposed the war from every conceivable motive. Some from cowardice, others to oppose a political party. Some because they thought we could not whip the South, and now that it is reduced to demonstration, have hard work to explain their conduct even to themselves. I have no patience with that class of men, and believe the people of the South have more respect for us who belabored them soundly, than for the Copperheads, who nominally their friends, led them deeper and deeper into trouble."

"W. T. SHERMAN, Major General."

The "Democrats" are unfortunate in their preferences—*when they attempt to manipulate loyal men.*

CRIME still stalks abroad, and the peace of many communities is disturbed by the transaction and narration of some frightful murder. Last week a murder occurred in Brooklyn, of a Cuban named Otero, who had come to purchase machinery for a theatre. He was known to have money, and for that he was killed. The murderers are said to be men named Gongales and Pellicer. The former is still at large, but the latter has been arrested, and strong evidence exists of his complicity in the crime. Both the murderers are also Cubans.

GOV. CURTIN still suffers from sickness, and his physician recommends a sojourn at Cuba, prior to the heavy work of the coming session of the State Legislature.

☞ "Slavery viewed from the Bible Stand Point," by Rev. J. M. Adair, for sale at Lewis' Book Store, price 10 cents. tf

Items about Home.

Railroad Accident.—A brakeman named Davis, from Duncansville, Blair county, was considerably bruised near Thompsontown station on the Penna. Railroad, by being thrown down an embankment. The axle of a freight car broke.

Fish Meeting.—A meeting is to be held in Mifflin, on the 5th of December, to elect delegates to the Harrisburg Fish Convention.

Accident.—A son of Mr. Henry Hesselbine, of Conemaugh borough was found badly bruised and lying insensible near the new foundry near that place. It is supposed he fell from the roof of the foundry. He is recovering.

The Bedford Murder.—The Read-Crouse murder case is the all absorbing theme in Bedford county, now in session. The attorneys for the Commonwealth are, Hon. P. Frazier Smith, of West Chester, Pa., Hon. John Cessna, and John Palmer, Esq.; and for the defendent Hon. David Paul Brown, Hon. Francis M. Kimmell, Wm. Lyon and Geo. H. Spang, Esq. We observe that Rev. O. O. McClain, of Lewistown, who was on a visit to Bedford at the time of the murder, and who saw the fight, is one of the witnesses on the part of the Commonwealth. Reed has been acquitted.

Terrible Railroad Accident.

The Juniata *Democrat* says:—On Tuesday evening, the 14th, about 8 o'clock a terrible accident occurred near Anderson's Station, by which Henry Willoughby, formerly of this county, and conductor of a freight train, and Benjamin Ritter, brakeman, of Mount Joy, Lancaster county, were instantly killed. They were seated near the centre of the train upon a coal car, the interior of which is constructed in hopper or funnel shape; the bottom secured by doors from which chains pass upward to an iron shaft, upon the one end of which is a cog-wheel secured by a cleat to hold it from turning. By some means this cleat was thrown out of the cog-wheel, and the two men, with nearly the entire load of coal, were precipitated upon the track, and run over by the remaining cars, also by two subsequent freight trains. Their heads were cut off and crushed into an almost shapeless mass, while their legs and arms were nearly severed in different places, and the bones crushed out, leaving nothing but a mass of ground flesh! Mr. Ritter was disemboweled, and his heart, liver and entrails strewn along the track. Their broken and scattered remains, which presented a shocking spectacle, were gathered up and bro't to this place on the Mail Train, due here at 10.5 P. M. The body of Mr. Willoughby was interred here on Tuesday afternoon last. He leaves a wife and three children to mourn his sad and untimely end. Mr. Ritter's remains were sent to his friends at Mt. Joy.

☞ In the march from the field to the forum this has been a greater season for Generals than we have ever known. The most remarkable feature of the campaign is, that in not a single instance that we are aware of, has a soldier who was running as a candidate on the Union side been defeated. General Hartranft, of Pennsylvania, Gen. Stone, of Iowa; Gen. Oglesby, of Illinois; Gen. Fairchild, of Wisconsin; Gen. Marshall, of Minnesota; Gen. Cox, of Ohio; General Ward, of New Jersey; Gen. Barlow, of New York, have, as candidates of the Union party, been triumphantly elected.

PENNSYLVANIA STEEL WORKS.—These works are to be established at Harrisburg, and preparations are being made for their erection at once. It is said it will be the most extensive establishment of its kind ever erected in America, and is to be on this continent what the celebrated works of Wade & Butcher, at Sheffield, are to Europe. One thousand experienced workmen in steel will be brought from England. This enterprise will be a great benefit not only to Harrisburg but to the State, as it will tend to develop its great resources.

New Styles for '66 already on hand.

THE LARGEST and THE BEST

STOCK OF NEW STYLES OF

WALL PAPER

Ever received in Huntingdon,

NOW OPEN

And for sale at LEWIS' Book Store.

OUR STOCK CONSISTS OF

GILTS, SATINS, BLANKS, BROWNS

of various styles, for

Parlors, Halls, Dining Rooms, Offices, Bed Rooms, Kitchens, Bar Rooms, &c.

Paper is on the rise—save 20 per cent. by buying soon.

It will pay all to buy now for Spring use.

THE GREAT MEDICINE!

M'Entyre's INDIAN COMPOUND.

A NEW SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED

AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

PRICE PER BOTTLE, 50 CTS., and $1,00.

By All Means.

If you desire to present your friend with a neat and acceptable present at Christmas, subscribe in time for a copy of the "Photograph Family Record." A. S Harrison is agent for this county.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SCHOOL TEACHER WANTED.

A competent teacher is wanted to take charge of the High School of Huntingdon borough. Applicants are desired to present themselves before the board, on or before the 15th of December.

☞ Liberal wages will be given for a competent teacher.

J. SEWELL STEWART, Secretary.

Nov. 29, '65-tf.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—[Estate of Jacob Fink, dec'd]

Letters testamentary, on the estate of Jacob Fink, late of Penn township, Huntingdon co., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims, to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

nov29-6t* SAMUEL FINK, Executor.

Look Here!

The Celebrated Photographic Car,

NOW LOCATED IN ORBISONIA, IS

FOR SALE,

As I am going to the city. I will give a bargain to the buyer. For further information, address

ENOS ROGERS,

1t* Orbisonia, Huntingdon co., Pa.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Edward F. Hodges, dec'd.

The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Huntingdon county, to distribute the proceeds of the Sheriff's sale of the personal estate of Edward F. Hodges, will attend at his office in Huntingdon, on SATURDAY, the 16th day of DECEMBER, next, at 10 o'clock, a. m., for the purpose of making said distribution, when and where all persons having claims upon said fund are required to present the same or be debarred from coming in for any share of said fund.

no29 THEO. H. CREMER Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

[Estate of Samuel Beck, deceased.]

The undersigned having been appointed to ill tribute the fund in the hands of Hon. R. F. Patton, Trustee, to sell the real estate of Samuel Beck, deceased, will attend to the duties of his appointment at the office of Scott, Brown and Bailey, in Huntingdon, at ten o'clock, a. m., SATURDAY, the 16th day of DECEMBER, 1865, when and where all persons interested are required to present their claims, or be debarred from coming in for a share of said fund. SAM'L. T. BROWN,

no29 Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

[Estate of Hon. John Ker, dec'd.]

The undersigned, auditor appointed to distribute the fund in the hands of David S. Ker, Esq., Trustee appointed by the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county to sell the real estate of the Hon. John Ker, late of Walker twp., dec'd., to and among those having claims against the estate of said deceased, and the balance, if any there be, among the widow, children, and grand children, of said intestate, according to law, hereby gives notice that he will attend for the purpose of making said distribution, at his office in Huntingdon, on SATURDAY, the 16th day of DECEMBER, next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., when and where all persons having claims against said fund are required to present the same, or be debarred from coming in for any share of said fund. THEO. H. CREMER,

nov29-3t Auditor.

Public Sale

OF

Government Clothing, Blankets, &c

WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC SALE in HUNTINGDON, on Friday and Saturday

December the 1st and 2d, 1865,

A large stock of Government clothing, &c., viz:

WHITE AND GREY BLANKETS,

COUNTERPANES,

WHITE AND BROWN LINEN SHEETS,

Linen Pillow Cases,	Harness,
Cotton do do	Cavalry Saddles,
Cotton Shirts,	Bridles,
Cotton Drawers,	Leather Halters with Straps,
Blue Overcoats,	Axes,
Blue Pants,	

Together with a variety of other articles.

☞ Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, P. M.

Nov29,1865 THOMAS & SON, Auctioneers.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

TO THE LADIES.—Do you really intend to cease wearing the beautiful styles now so prevalent, or dress less elegantly, because the rebel Jeff. Davis, was captured in Fashionable Female attire? One moment's calm reflection will surely serve to change your rash resolve. The angels had too much good sense to lay aside their pure chaste robes of white, because they had for a time served to hide the deformities of that Prince of Rebels, the Devil. Can you err in following the example of Angels? Then having made up your minds that you will continue to dress tastefully regardless of rebel acts, *do not forget to call at the store of the subscribers, who will be happy at all times to furnish you with such articles of dress as you may desire.* Urge your fathers, husbands, brothers, neighbors and children to visit the same store. They can here be suited in good articles of Boots, Shoes, Clothing Material, Hats, Caps, Queensware and a general assortment of Groceries, on as reasonable terms as at any House in town. Store on South east corner of the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.

may 31, 1865. FRANCIS B. WALLACE.

A SUPERIOR REMEDY.—We can conscientiously recommend to those suffering from a distressing cough, Dr. Strickland's Mellifluous Cough Balsam. It gives relief almost instantaneous, and is without not disagreeable to the taste. There is no doubt but the Mellifluous Cough Balsam is one of the best preparations in use, and is all that its proprietor claims for it. We have tried it during the past week, and found relief from a most distressing cough. It is prepared by Dr. Strickland, No. 6 East Fourth street, Cincinnati, O., and for sale by druggists.

New Musical Instruments.

A new stock of musical instruments have just been received at Lewis' Book Store. Violins from $3 to $50.—Guitars from $12 to $35; Banjos $8 and $9 50; Accordeons $6 to $15; Fifes, Bows, Strings, Rosin, Tail Boards, Bridges, Mouth Organs, and Jews Harps. tf

☞ Justices' and Constables' Fee Bills for sale at Lewis' Book Store.

"Unquestionably the best sustained work of the kind in the world."

HARPER'S

NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

Critical notices of the press.

It is the foremost Magazine of the day. The fireside never had a more delightful companion, nor the million a more enterprising friend, than Harper's Magazine.—Methodist Protestant (Baltimore.)

The most popular Monthly in the world.—New York Observer.

We must refer in terms of eulogy to the high tone and varied excellences of Harper's Magazine—a journal with a monthly circulation of about 170,000 copies—in whose pages are to be found some of the choicest lights and general reading of the day. We speak of this work as an evidence of the American People; and the popularity it has acquired is merited. Each number contains fully 144 pages of reading matter, appropriately illustrated with good wood cuts; and it combines in itself the racy monthly and the more philosophical quarterly, blended with the best features of the daily journal. It has great power in the dissemination of a love of pure literature.—Trubner's Guide to American Literature, (London.)

The volumes bound, constitute of themselves a library of miscellaneous reading such as can not be found in the same compass in any other publication that has come under our notice.—Boston Courier.

SUBSCRIPTIONS.

1866.

The Publishers have perfected a system of mailing by which they can supply the Magazine and Weekly promptly to those who desire to receive their periodicals directly from the office of publication.

The postage on Harper's Magazine is 24 cents a year, which must be paid at the subscriber's post office.

TERMS:

Harper's Magazine, one year, $4 00

An extra copy of either the Magazine or Weekly will be supplied gratis for every club of Five Subscribers at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or Six copies for $20 00. Back number can be supplied at any time.

A complete set, now comprising Thirty one Volumes, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, freight at expense of purchaser, for $2 25 per volume. Single volumes, by mail, postpaid, $3 00. Cloth cases, for binding, 38 cents, by mail, postpaid. Address

HARPER & BROTHERS,

Franklin Square, New York.

OLD BRASS AND COPPER taken in exchange for goods at the Hardware Store.

Sept. 3, 1862. JAS. A. BROWN

BOOK BINDING. Old Books, Magazines, or publications of any kind, bound to order, if left at

LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

GO TO S. E. HENRY & CO'S for good Cloths, cassimeres, satinettes, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Velvet Cord, &c.

LADIES' COATS and CIRCULARS, Shawls, Cloth Basques, &c. &c., at

S.E. HENRY & CO.

☞ For neat JOB PRINTING, call at the "GLOBE JOB PRINTING OFFICE," at Huntingdon, Pa

1866. THE 1866.

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STOCK OF

WALL PAPER

Ever Brought to Huntingdon,

Is now ready for inspection and sale,

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Book, Stationery and Music Store.

NEW AND ELEGANT STYLES

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Than the same article can be bought in Philadelphia or Pittsburg.

OUR STOCK

Consists of upwards of

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OF

Wall & Ceiling Paper & Bordering,

FOR

The Parlor, Sitting Room, Dining Room, Bed Room, Hall, Kitchen, Office, Store, Shop, &c., &c.

Call at the "Globe" Building,

and examine our stock and prices.

INK. INK. INK!

NOTICE

To Merchants and Business Men.

THE undersigned having recently been appointed agent for the New York National Ink Company, hereby gives notice to merchants, business men, and to consumers of all classes that he is prepared to supply the market with an article of Ink, which in addition to being the best in use, is emphatically the cheapest ever offered for sale in this country.

It neither corrodes the pen, nor moulds the ink stand, is of a rich bluish tint, flows free, and is *perfectly indelible*, giving it advantages not possessed by any other Ink, whether of foreign or domestic manufacture. This Ink contains no sediment and will not therefore, thicken as most inks do, the last drop being as thin and clear as the first.

☞ All orders whether wholesale or retail, will be promptly filled, at lower rates than as good an article can be purchased in the cities or elsewhere. Persons who entertain doubts as to the superior quality and cheapness of this Ink are respectfully entreated to give it a trial. John H. Clark, sub-agent will canvass the county for the purpose of introducing this Ink.

SIMON COHN, Agent,

Coffee Run P. O., Huntingdon county, Penna.

Oct. 16, '65-tf.

PRINCIPAL BRANCH OF THE NATIONAL INK COMPANY, OF NEW YORK.

MR. SIMON COHN, P. M., having been appointed salesman and general agent, is the representative of the above company for the county of Huntingdon, State of Penna., as per contract, all parties therefore, whether having dealt with us previously or otherwise, will please avail themselves of the advantages of dealing directly with the representative of our house here; they will find it to their pecuniary interest to do so.

C. L. VAN ALLEN, Actuary.

The above Ink is for sale at Lewis' and all the principal stores in the county.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

SIMPSON, ARMITAGE & CO.

HAVING PURCHASED the entire stock of Wm. Colon, we now offer to the public at reasonable prices our immense stock of

MECHANICAL, RELIGIOUS, SCHOOL, AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,

STATIONERY, POCKET BOOKS, PORTMONAIS, &c.

Also, Latest Styles of

WALL PAPER & WINDOWSHADES,

MAGAZINES, and Daily and Weekly Papers constantly on hand.

☞ Orders from abroad promptly attended to.

CALL AT BROAD TOP CORNER.

Huntingdon, May3,1865-1y

Ladies' Furs,

OF ALL KINDS,

JUST RECEIVED

THE LARGEST STOCK AND VARIETY

EVER BROUGHT TO HUNTINGDON,

Ladies, call and examine at S. E. HENRY & CO.

WANTED at S. E. HENRY & CO'S

15,000 bushels Wheat,
5,000 " Rye,
5,000 " Oats,
5,000 " Corn,
1,000 " Flaxseed,
1,000 " Cloverseed,
1,000 pounds Wool,

For which the highest cash price will be paid.

Great Arrival

BY CANAL.

GROCERIES, CHEESE, Sack, Bbl. and Dairy SALT, and FISH of all kinds,

Will be sold low by

no8-3t] S. E. HENRY & CO.

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE

ANY person in want of one of the above articles should call on Miss DIANAH L. BAKER, Agent for the Machine.

Huntingdon, Sept. 27-6m

CHEAP PUMPS.

JAMES A. BROWN, Huntingdon, Pa., sells Patent Wooden Pumps for cisterns and wells, from 4 to 60 feet deep, at about one half the usual price for old fashioned pumps. All pumps warranted.

Aug. 3'64.

STOVES. STOVES.

Spear's famous "anti-dust" Cook, Wellington Cook, Continental Cook, and a splendid variety of gas burner, and other Heating Stoves, for coal or wood, just received, and for sale at the Hardware Store of JAMES A. BROWN.

Huntingdon, Oct. 18, '65-tf.

BROWN & BLEACHED MUSLINS, Ticking, Linseys, Checks, bleached and brown cotton Flannels, miner's Plaid, Wool Flannels &c., &c., at S. E. HENRY & CO'S.

JUST RECEIVED at S. E. HENRY & CO'S. MAMMOTH STORE, a large stock of fresh sugar cured Hams, side, shoulder and mackerel.

NEW GOODS. S. E. Henry & Co. have just received their fall stock of goods, which they are selling at very reduced prices. se19

S. E. HENRY & CO. sell all kinds of Iron, sheet iron, Hoop iron, steel, nails, horse shoes, stoves and a variety of Hollow ware.

COUNTRY DEALERS can buy CLOTHING from me in Huntingdon at WHOLESALE as cheap as they can in the cities, as I have a wholesale store in Philadelphia.

H. ROMAN.

LOVERING'S AND SUNLIGHT Syrup, New Orleans, Porto Rico Molasses, Coffee, Sugars, Teas, &c. at S. E. HENRY & CO.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Furs,

For sale cheap at the Clothing Store of

oc24 LEOPOLD BLOOM.

WOOL BLANKETS, COVERlets, Ingrane, Rag and Hemp Carpets, Rugs, Oil and Floor Cloths, at S. E. HENRY & CO.

MADE UP CLOTHING, BOOTS & shoes, Queensware, Cedar and Willow Ware, largest stock in the country, at S. E. HENRY & CO.

PROF. J. H. M'ENTYRE'S GREAT REMEDY, THE

INDIAN COMPOUND

Internal and External Medicine,

WILL CURE:

☞ Diarrhœa, Bloody Flux in one day,
☞ Headache and Earache in three minutes.
☞ Toothache in one minute.
☞ Neuralgia in five minutes,
☞ Sprains in twenty minutes,
☞ Sore Throat in ten minutes,
☞ Cholic and Cramp in five minutes,
☞ Rheumatism in one day,
☞ Pain in the Back or Side in ten minutes,
☞ Bad Coughs or Colds in one day,
☞ Fever and Ague in one day.
☞ Cures Deafness, Asthma, Piles,
☞ Bronchitis Affections, Dyspepsia,
☞ Inflammation of the Kidneys, Erysipelas,
☞ Liver Complaint and Palpitation of the Heart.

Keep it in your Families—Sickness comes when least expected.

I propose to check, and effectually dissipate more ache and pain, and to accomplish more perfect equilibrium of all the circulating fluids in the human system, than can be effected by any other, or all other methods of medical aid in the same space of time.

THIS POPULAR REMEDY is fast coming into use, for the fact that I cure, free of charge, all these complaints, whenever there is an opportunity to do so. As soon as it is applied it almost miraculously kills the pain. I do not ask you to buy before you are certain of its efficiency. If you have an ache or pain, it is warranted to do all it purports on the label; otherwise the money will be refunded.

I do not propose to cure *every* disease—only a class named by my directions. My liniment operates on chemical and electric principles, and is, therefore, applicable to the cure or natural restorative of all organic derangement arising from an improper circulation of the nerve vital fluids.

Prof. J. H. McEntyre's INDIAN COMPOUND acts directly on the absorbents, reducing glandular and other swellings in incredible short time, *without any possible danger from its use* under any possible circumstances.

This is an internal and external medicine—composed of roots, herbs and barks, such as our forefathers used.—There is a bountiful supply on earth to cure all complaints if we only know what they were.

This has been a great study with the Medical Faculty for many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the above complaints—how to put them together, and what proportions to use.

J. H. McENTYRE,
Proprietor, Reading, Pa.

For sale at Lewis' Book Store.

Huntingdon, Pa., Sept. 6, 1865.

McENTYRE'S

DANDELION PILLS,

For all diseases arising from one cause, viz: Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Catarrh in the Head, Weak and disordered Stomach, such as Indigestion, Sick Headache, Giddiness of the Head, Weakness of Sight, Windy Ailments, Rheumatism, and Rheumatic Pains, Pains in the Back or Side, Nervous Debility, Lowness of Spirits, Impurity of the Blood, Blotches or Eruptions of the Body, Gravel, Worms, &c., &c. Sold at 25 cents per box.

McENTYRE'S

INDIAN VEGETABLE

WORM DESTROYER!

This infallible medicine is warranted to expel worms in all cases and may be given to children of all ages, as they are purely vegetable and perfectly harmless.

☞ Can be had at Lewis' Book store, Huntingdon, Pa

DR. VENARD'S

STAR MAGIC LINIMENT

CURES

RHEUMATISM,
NEURALGIA,
TOOTHACHE,
HEADACHE,
DIPTHERIA, or SORE THROAT,
CRAMPS, or
PAINS IN THE STOMACH,
SPRAINS,
and DIARRHŒA.

SOLE AGENT,

SAMUEL H. SHOEMAKER,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Price One Dollar.

☞ Agents Wanted to sell the above throughout the Country.

Huntingdon, Oct. 25, 1865.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

If you want Cheap Goods,

GO TO R. M. CUNNINGHAM & CO'S.

If you want Good Goods,

GO TO R. M. CUNNINGHAM & CO'S.

If you want Fashionable Goods,

GO TO R. M. CUNNINGHAM & CO'S.

If you want to see the

GREATEST VARIETY and

BEST SELECTION OF GOODS

EVER BROUGHT TO HUNTINGDON,

Consisting of LADIES' DRESS GOODS, CASSIMERES of city and country manufacture, Brochet and Blanket SHAWLS, SONTAGS and Breakfast SHAWLS, PRINTS and MUSLINS of every variety, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Groceries and Confectionaries, and in a word, everything that eye hath seen or heart could wish,

GO TO R. M. CUNNINGHAM & CO'S

WHOLESALE & RETAIL STORE

Corner of Railroad and Montgomery sts.

Huntingdon, Nov. 8, 1865.

NEW FAMILY GROCERY STORE.

C. LONG & CO. would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity to the fact that they have just opened a FAMILY GROCERY STORE at the old stand of Christopher Long, where they will keep constantly on hand a full and well assorted stock of

FRESH FAMILY GROCERIES,

such as Lovering's Syrup, N. Orleans and Porto Rico Molasses, Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Spices, Salt, Hams, Sides, Shoulders, Dried Beef, Flour, Fish, Cheese, Rice, Pickles, and Provisions of all kinds.

CEDAR AND WILLOW-WARE,

comprising, in part, Baskets, Buckets, Tubs, Washboards, Corn Brooms, Brushes, Rugs, Mats, Floor Oil Cloths, Bags, Trunks, &c. &c.

CANDLES and NUTS of all kinds, wholesale and retail. TOYS, TOBACCO, SEGARS, Coal Oil, Coal Oil Lamps, &c

They respectfully invite a call and examination of their stock, satisfied that their goods and prices will compare favorably with those of any other in the place.

☞ C. LONG & CO.

Huntingdon, October 25, 1865.

HEAD QUARTERS FOR

NEW GOODS.

D. P. GWIN

INFORMS THE PUBLIC

THAT HE HAS

JUST OPENED

A

SPLENDID STOCK of NEW GOODS

THAT

CAN'T BE BEAT

IN

CHEAPNESS AND QUALITY.

COME AND SEE.

D. P. GWIN,

oct. 17 '65.

READY RECKONER. A complete Pocket Ready Reckoner, in dollars and cents, to which are added forms of Notes, Bills, Receipts, Petitions, &c., together with a set of useful tables containing rate of interest from one dollar to twelve thousand, by the single day, with a table of wages, and board by the week and day, published in 1865. For sale at

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

DRESS BUTTONS & TRIMMINGS, of the latest styles, Belt Ribbon and Buckles, Hosiery, Gloves, Edgings, Frillings, &c., at

S. E. HENRY & CO.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS, comprising everything new and desirable, such as Dress silks, silk mohair, and Irish Poplins, alpacas, Cassimere, coburgs, Merinoes, all wool French Delaines, saxony plaids, at S. E. HENRY & CO.

Reward the Soldiers!

Another Opportunity is offered the many Friends of the Soldiers to Reward those who Faced the Music of the Enemy.

J. B. SHONTZ & BRO.

RESPECTFULLY inform their numerous friends of Marklesburg and surrounding country, that they have received a large and splendid stock of

NEW GOODS,

Consisting of—

READY MADE CLOTHING,
HATS and CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES,
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS

and a large stock of JEWELRY, &c.

The public, without regard to politics, religion, sect, or color, will find our store the place to buy just what they want, and at prices to suit the times.

Don't fail to give us a call, as we are determined to please all.

Marklesburg, Huntingdon co., Nov. 1, '65.

NEW GOODS

FOR FALL AND WINTER.

HENRY STROUSE & CO.

Respectfully inform the public generally that they have just received a large and splendid stock of goods at their store in MARKLESBURG, consisting in part of

DRY GOODS,
DRESS GOODS,
SILKS,
NOTIONS,
HATS & CAPS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
GROCERIES,
WOOD and WILLOW WARE,
TOBACCO,
SEGARS,
NAILS,
GLASS,
OLD MEAT,
CRACKERS,
PROVISIONS,
FISH,
SALT, &c., &c.

NOW

BARGAINS FOR

Also—BONNETS and TINWARE;

And in fact everything usually kept in a first class country store, which were bought low for cash and will be sold at correspondingly low prices for cash, or country produce, and request the public to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, feeling satisfied we can offer superior inducements to cash buyers.

We respectfully solicit the patronage of all, and especially our Trough Creek Valley friends.

Everything taken in exchange for goods except promises.

☞ Cash paid for all kinds of grain, for which the highest market prices will be given.

HENRY STROUSE & CO.

Marklesburg, Oct. 24, 1865.

HARDWARE

AND

CUTLERY!

AN

IMMENSE STOCK

AND

ENDLESS VARIETY

OF

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c.

NOW OPEN

AND FOR SALE BY

JAS. A. BROWN,

HUNTINGDON, PENNA.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

Huntingdon, oct. 17.

NEW CLOTHING

AT LOW PRICES.

M. GUTMAN

HAS JUST OPENED A FINE STOCK OF NEW

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Which he offers to all who want to be

CLOTHED

AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

His Stock consists of Ready-made Clothing for

MEN AND BOYS,

ALSO,

BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, &C., &C.

Should gentlemen desire any particular kind or cuts, clothing not found in the stock on hand, by leaving their measure they can be accommodated at short notice.

Call at the east corner of the Diamond, over Long's Grocery.

MANUAL GUTMAN.

Huntingdon May 17, '65.

NEW STORE, AND NEW GOODS, CHEAPEST CLOTHING in Town

LEOPOLD BLOOM

HAS JUST RECEIVED

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF NEW STYLES OF

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Which he offers to the public

AT THE CHEAPEST RATES.

His stock consists of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES, &c. &c.

His store is at the

OLD BROAD TOP CORNER, HUNTINGDON, PA.,

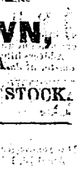
Where he will be pleased to receive and accommodate all customers.

LEOPOLD BLOOM.

Huntingdon, Oct. 10, 1865.

ATTENTION!

R. S. WESTBROOK & CO.



Would respectfully call the attention of the public to their fresh stock and attractive variety of

GROCERIES,
CONFECTIONERIES,
TOBACCO & SEGARS,
FRUIT, NUTS, TOYS,

And in fact everything generally kept in such a store.

They are prepared to sell at the most reasonable prices, and by a close attention to business, and their endeavors to please everybody they hope to gain the good will and patronage of the public.

Their store is located on Hill street, directly opposite the First National Bank, and was formerly occupied by Mr. Wm. Saxton. se6-3m

NOW OPEN,

WHARTON & MAGUIRE'S

NEW

Hardware Store,

IN THE BROAD TOP DEPOT BUILDING.

The public generally are invited to call before purchasing elsewhere.

Huntingdon, June 28, 1865.

IF YOU WANT

A GOOD PHOTOGRAPH LIKENESS,

CALL AT

DONNELL & KLINE'S

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY,

*On

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Nov. 29, 1865.

LOCAL & PERSONAL.

To Subscribers.

Those subscribers receiving a paper marked with a † before the name will understand that the time for which they subscribed is up. If they wish the paper continued they will renew their subscription through the mail or otherwise. tf.

Brief Items.

—Snow fell to the depth of three inches on Broad Top last Thursday.

—Farmers, remember—the first of December is market day.

—Butchers, remember—the first of December (next Friday) that you bring in your "weal and venison."

—A select school is now in session at McAlavey's Fort, taught by Rev. E. Studebaker, A. B.

—Hog-killing fever is now raging in this vicinity, and many a well fattened porker will eat its last dear *meal*, and squeal its last squeal.

—All ye farmers who wish to make money, and at the same time satisfy the craving appetites of our citizens, should be on hand on next Friday.

—The banks which we reported last week to be broken—the Allegheny Bank of Pittsburgh, Octarora Bank, Trenton Bank and Pittston Bank—are still alive, and the notes are taken at this bank.

—A revival of religion is now in progress in the newly dedicated M. E. Church at Ennisville. Penitents are found at the altar of prayer every night and quite a number have been converted.

—Remarks caused by the high price of provisions: When shall we three *meat* again; or, It is not *meat* that is (to be) a-loan. *Ham* and *fitch*, (we don't care which,) were never "sich," in price and quali*tea*, etc.

—Pete Roleum thinks it strange that we know very soon who are getting rich by oil *speculations*, but those who lose (and there are many) we never hear from. It is a sure sign when we don't hear a speculator crow that his money is running instead of oil.

—We were gratified that some of our friends responded to our call last week to send us the news. We would like to hear from all sections, and so would our readers. Don't be backward friends, in the good work of making your county paper interesting.

—Afloat in this neck o' timber—Those delectable curiosities which a *Round Table* poet calls "Dabs of appetising jelly! Sources of epigrastic ecstacy." He means, and so do we, nothing more nor less than oysters.—Steep, though, at 50 cents a stew!

—Delegates are being appointed in almost every town to represent the citizens in the Fish Convention to be held at Harrisburg, January 10, 1866. No fish delegates have as yet been chosen from this section of the Juniata. Let us have the shad, ere the shadow of a chance slips by.

—Our country friends will not forget that on Friday next is the first market day (of a thousand and one) and you are expected to bring in everything you have good to eat, in great quantity and good quality. Be sure and have it good, as nothing bad will pass the inspection of the Half master.

—Small coin, of the denominations of one, two, and three cents, are said to abound in the United States Mint of Philadelphia. The coin will be sent to purchasers in exchange for greenbacks, at the expense of the United States. Let them bound through the country, to the death of *scrip*.

—Just so. Traugh, of the Hollidaysburg *Standard*, says we were only prevented from buying all we saw on our trip to Renovo recently, by that universal ailment among printers—a lack of funds. The next time we travel we want Traugh's company, having an idea, that was lately demonstrated, that Blair county printers are not *quite* as poor as Job or his turkeys.

—Let every body give the ordinance concerning the market a good reading, as it is the last time, probably, it will appear in our columns; and there is many an item in it you will wish you had read when you had the chance.—The Half-master (Market master) is also advised to read again and post up what concerns him, as 50 cents a day are hard earnings not to be lost.

—Traugh, of the *Standard*, and the local of the Altoona *Tribune*, are very "cordially reciprocal". The latter puffed the former for services rendered in making him what he is, and the former in turn puffs the latter by calling him the most "intelligent and faithful apprentice" ever in the O. S. O. This dove-kissing reminds us of the anti quated rhyme, "*If you loved me as I loved you*, no knife could cut our love in two." O!

—On last Tuesday evening the Union men of Bedford county assembled at the court house in Bedford for the purpose of congratulating themselves over the late glorious triumph throughout the country. We see the name of Maj. John Williamson, of this place, in connection with Col. Francis Jordan, Hon. P. Frazier Smith, and Hon. John Cessna, amongst the speakers. We suppose the Major poured forth some of his humorous and patriotic effusions

Huntingdon Excelsior Star Band.

On Thursday evening last our ears were saluted by strains of music from the brass band now in "full blast" in this place. We were highly delighted with the performance of the players, and think that by sufficient practice they will make themselves perfect, and become a source of pride and renown, as well as pleasure, to our town. We give the names of this troupe, which has taken as its motto "Excelsior:" attached is the name of the instrument each one plays:

John Black, 1st E flat; Philip Snyder, 2d E flat; John Westbrook, 3d E flat; Wm. Westbrook, 1st B flat, Cornet; Simon Weston, 1st Alto; John W. Cunningham, 2d Alto; John Smearman, 3d Alto; John Snyder, 1st Tenor or Trombone; R. S. Westbrook, 2d Tenor or Trombone; R. S. Henry, 3d Tenor or Trombone; Oliver McNeal, Baritone or B flat; George Snyder, 1st Tuba; Edward Snyder, 2d Tuba; John Smith, Drum Major; Newton Cunningham, Bass Drummer; Silas Wise, Cymbals.

Of course we extend the invitation to the boys to call again, as we are just as ready to appreciate good music as the crowd which followed the band from our office after the serenade. This was an evidence that our citizens love music.

The teacher of this band, Mr. Herrmann, who has been teaching it for two weeks past, regularly every night, and a portion of the day, left on Thursday night. He certainly deserves great credit for the untiring energy and great skill he manifested in training the musical qualities of the young men. The members now meet twice a week at the school house, and will no doubt, "fight it out on their own line," until they make *the* band a *permanent* institution.

Mr. John Black is the chosen leader, and is worthy of the exalted honor, being something of a musician from former experience. Success to the Huntingdon Excelsior Star Cornet Band.

What Next?

A Western paper informs us that a company boring for oil on Highland Creek, Kansas, a short time ago, struck milk or something which strongly resembles it. The fluid had not at last accounts been analized or subjected to a close inspection, but if it turns out to be the real genuine article, the fortune of the company is made sure. All they will have to do will be to get up some of our recently patented churns, put them to work and if the yield of butter is equal to our Durham and Devonshire stock, they will be able to supply enough for home consumption, and probably reduce the price of that necessary article even here, in our Eastern markets. The price of butter in Huntingdon still keeps up, much to the annoyance of our good housekeepers, and like Banquo's ghost, it seems that it will not go down. Notwithstanding there is plenty of it manufactured in the county, it still brings forty cents per pound, which is entirely too high a figure for most of our people. We would advise some of our enterprising people to imitate the example of their neighbors in Kansas, and go to work and bore for oil in the valleys of Old Huntingdon. Probably they may be fortunate enough to strike a vein of the lacteal fluid here, and then they can regulate the price of butter to suit themselves. When the company out west shall have succeeded in turning their milk into butter milk, which, no doubt, they are undertaking, then some body in this section will surely follow suit, and strike deep for milk, and strike still deeper against the price of butter.

Pittsburg Female College—Important Improvements.

The Winter term of this sterling institution will commence on Tuesday morning, December 5th. The term just closing has been one of the most successful in the history of the college. Its marvellous success, leading, as it does, every ladies' school west of the mountains, is the best comment on its superior advantages and excellent management. It now numbers among its patrons hundreds of our best citizens and those of other States. A most valuable improvement is now in progress. A new recitation room, a large and beautiful room for the cabinet, and a spacious and elegant library and reading room will soon be completed and added to the already splendid facilities offered by the college to its pupils. We need hardly repeat what we have so often stated, that in its literary and ornamental departments the college has no equals in this region, and but few in the country. Send to President Pershing for a catalogue.

Narrow Escape.

On Saturday last, a brakeman on a westward bound freight train, named Wilkins Briggs, from Shirleysburg, this county, while running along the decks of the cars, in motion, his head struck the top of the bridge at Bridgeport, near Mill Creek, and he became insensible. The blow precipitated him between two cars, and when he gained his senses he found himself astraddle of one of the bull-noses, with the train still in motion. His head was bruised by the blow, and he was injured internally by the fall; but his fate would have been more lamentable had he by any unfortunate occurrence been thrown from his position on the bumper underneath the cars.

☞ S. E. Henry & Co. have sent to the city for more new goods, which will be here before the week closes.

Our Trip to Muskingum County, (Ohio) Oil Region.

On Wednesday evening, 15th inst., we left home, in company with Mr. James Maguire, on the 8 o'clock train to visit the oil region of Muskingum county, Ohio. We arrived at Pittsburg, (153 miles,) at 3 o'clock, a. m., on the 16th, and immediately left there on the Pittsburg & Cleveland road for Bellaire, 98 miles from Pittsburg, where we changed to Central Ohio road and arrived at Concord at 10 o'clock, 159 miles from Pittsburg. Took a late breakfast and an early dinner together at the American House, Capt. Z. A. Wilson, *Proprietor, and after a little* trouble procured a horse and buggy and started at 1 o'clock for the oil region. The country through which we passed we found to be good farm land, but badly farmed. The land is limestone. The whole country through which we passed for a distance of 17 miles, to Mr. E. Stevens, Muskingum county, is very hilly, but not the kind of hills we have in Pennsylvania. There are no ridges such as we have. The farmers devote their attention principally to the raising of stock of all kinds. We saw no poor cattle. Every farmer has either small or large flocks of sheep of the best breeds. The corn crop was heavy, and a great many hogs are fed for market.

We arrived at Mr. Stevens at 5 p. m., where we were kindly received, and found first-rate accommodations. On Friday morning two teams were hitched up and Mr. Maguire, President of the Ohio Basin Oil Company, Mr. Stevens, Paymaster, Mr. Baughman, Superintendent, and ourself, visited localities where holes were being put down, with good shows of oil. We returned and on Saturday morning, the party, with the addition of Mr. Andrew Lyon, visited Kent Run, where some fifteen holes were going down, but none over 150 feet. Three or four of the wells were already yielding oil of the best quality, worth $30 in the market, but not in large quantities. They will most likely produce much stronger as soon as the necessary machinery is on the ground, and the wells are sunk to a greater depth. On our return from the wells the party were finely dinnered at the house of Mr. Lyon, a lively and whole-souled gentleman, such as Mr. Stevens, where we hung up our hat.

Sunday we remained at home with the family of Mr. Stevens, and didn't think of oil to any extent.

We almost forgot to mention the fact that on the road from Concord we passed over "High Hill," said to be the highest hill in the State of Ohio. It is about four miles distant from Mr. Stevens'.

On Monday we "took to the woods" again on horseback, and visited Man's Fork of Salt Creek, Kent Run, and Little Salt Creek. Wells were going down with good prospects of finding oil. Enjoyed an excellent dinner at Mr. Frazier's, 11 miles from Concord, where Mr. Stevens met us with our buggy. At 2 p. m., we left for Concord, where we arrived at 5 p. m.,—suppered at 6 and left for home at 6½. Any of our friends stopping at Concord will find Captain Wilson's Hotel, *the* place to stop.

Reward of Merit.

By the following card it will be seen that our friend Benson M. Greene, of this place, has received the right for the sale of Mason & Hamlin's Cabinet Organs, in the additional counties of Bedford, Clearfield and Juniata. This is an evidence that Mr. G. has merited the trust and confidence of the firm in question, by his faithfulness. We would recommend those at a distance, as well as those at home, to send in their orders for Mason & Hamlin's Cabinet Organs to Mr. Greene.

HUNTINGDON, PA. Nov. 24, 1865.

This is to certify that we have appointed B. M. Greene sole agent for the sale of our Cabinet Organs for the following Counties, viz: *Huntingdon, Blair, Centre, Bedford, Clearfield and Juniata*, and he has the exclusive right for the sale of the above named instruments in the aforesaid counties.

MASON BROTHERS,
per J. W. CURRIER,
General Agent.

Good Templars.

The following officers of McClain Lodge, No. 83, McAlavey's Fort, were installed for the ensuing term:

W. C. T.—Dr. M. Miller.
W. V. T.—Nannie J. Musser.
P. W. C. T.—W. S. Smith, A. B.
W. S.—J. H. Musser.
W. F. S.—Jackson Harmon.
W. T.—James Lee.
W. C.—Lee Semple.
W. M.—Miles Davison.
W. D. M.—Anna Morrison.
W. R. H. S.—Webley Angel.
W. L. H. S.—Mary McCartney.
W. I. G.—William Leezerve.
W. O. G.—D. B. Smith.

Rev. A. J. Barrow.

The Harrisburg *Telegraph* of last Saturday says:

Rev. A. J. Barrow having accepted a call to Bedford and Huntingdon, has resigned the charge of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Ridge Road, and will preach his farewell sermon to-morrow evening. Mr. Barrow has been a faithful pastor, and during his sojourn here made many friends who will regret to hear of his departure.

Government Clothing.

There will a public sale of Government Clothing, including blankets, sheets, shirts, drawers, pants, etc., in this place, on December 1st and 2d.—This is not shoddy stuff, and those who want a bargain come and purchase.—See advertisement.

[COMMUNICATED.]

Sunday-School Festival.

It was our delightful privilege to attend a joyous festival given by the friends of the Ennisville M. E. Sabbath School, on Saturday afternoon the 18th inst. The day had been selected for moving the S. S. library and furniture to more comfortable apartments in the new church. At an early hour the little folks with nimble step and cheerful smile, and larger folks with gladsome hearts and well filled baskets revealed the place of attraction. The old church had been selected for the occasion, and if her dilapidated walls could write her history, we would have, at least, one chapter under the caption, "High Carnival over my Crumbling Ruins." While our good sisters were *loading the table with the bountiful* supply of delicacies provided, we were engaged with the children outside, in their innocent amusements of merriment and fun. All were happy—the chubby-cheeked cherub, the gay little miss, the loud romping lad, and lively children of larger growth, maturer years, and silvered heads, all participated in the busy sport, and rapturous peals of hearty, healthful laughter.

The Superintendent's call was the signal for a change in the programme, and we soon found ourselves comfortably arranged around a table groaning with its weight of luxuries. It was a feast for even a Horace to enjoy, and the jovial old poet would have found a subject in some of those delicious cakes for a very fine ode; and if the good old Falernian had been provided, he would have drunk right freely, no doubt, to the health and preservation of the good sisters.

After all had feasted, the school was called up by classes and each scholar loaded with library books or some article of furniture, and thus with all their Sunday School possessions they marched in procession to the new church, singing, lustily, "I love the Sunday School." Having deposited all in the new room, they sang their first song of praise in the new temple, and dedicated it to Almighty God. Appropriate addresses were then delivered by Revs. J. Anderson and O. M. Stewart, and the exercises of the day closed. We hesitate not in saying that all felt happier and better for having thus profitably spent such a grand jubilee.

Cous.

Experience in Drafting.

We find the following in the report of Dr. A. Rothrock, late surgeon of this District, which he has contributed to the columns of the Lewistown *Gazette*. It is an epitome of the Doctor's experience in the examination of the yeomanry, of this and the other counties, for military service; and attached thereto is the number examined by him in those "times that tried men's souls," and bodies too:

On the 17th day of May, 1863, the Board of enrollment convened at this place, (Hollidaysburg,) organized and divided the District into sub-districts, and proceeded from that time in the regular discharge of the duties of the office.

On the 17th of August, 1863, we commenced the first draft, and on the 7th of September began to examine drafted men.

During the first few days I was somewhat embarrassed in the examination, and was disposed to believe that drafted men would sometimes tell the truth; but my experience soon taught me that the declaration of every conscript under examination must be disregarded, if the surgeon expects to do his duty faithfully to the Government. My early impressions too, were that every soldier must enjoy perfect health, and be free from blemish on his person if he would endure the privations, hardships and long marches incident to army life; this impression led me to put a very liberal construction on the different sections of par. 85. Consequently on the first day I found by reference to my record, that out of 52 men examined, 29 were exempt; and that too, from a lot of tolerable good men. I subsequently become more rigid as I grew familiar with the duties of the office, and learning to distinguish more clearly between the real and feigned disease. I held more men to service, and grew every day more incredulous as to the honesty of drafted and enrolled men when it is their interest to deceive the Board. There are, however, honorable exceptions which a practiced surgeon will readily detect.

As nearly as I can ascertain I have examined up to this time of

drafted men	4,721
recruits and substitutes,	3,796
and enrolled men,	7,261
making in all	15,778

or, in round numbers, sixteen thousand; for many recruits and substitutes presented themselves for examination so manifestly unfit for military duty that I dismissed them without wasting time or paper to make their record.

Who are Exempt from the Bounty Tax.

An impression prevails in some localities that taxes to pay local bounties must be paid by soldiers as well as those who stayed at home. But the facts in the case are as follows.—By the law of 1863 no one who had served in a Pennsylvania regiment twelve months as a non-commissioned officer or private, and received an honorable discharge, is required to pay any tax for bounty purposes. Moreover, the law of 1865 exempts all noncommissioned officers and privates honorably discharged, and also the property of soldiers' widows, minor children of deceasd soldiers, etc., from payment of bounty tax of all kinds; and all soldiers discharged by reason of wounds received in battle, or disability incurred in active service, are exempt from payment of per capita or bounty tax, be their time of service long or short.

A VALUABLE TABLE.—The following table will be found valuable to many of our readers, and especially to those interested in the market scheme, soon we trust to be in successful operation:

A box twenty four by sixteen inches square, and twenty eight inches deep, will contain a barrel, (three bushels.)

A box twenty four by sixteen inches square, and fourteen inches deep, will contain a half barrel.

A box twenty six by fifteen inches square, and eight inches deep, will contain a bushel.

A box twelve by eleven and a half inches square, and nine inches deep, will contain a half bushel.

A box eight by eight and a fourth inches square, and eight inches deep, will contain a peck.

A box eight by eight inches square, and four and one eighth inches deep, will contain one gallon.

A box seven by eight inches square, and four and one eighth inches deep, will contain a half gallon.

A box four inches square, and four and one fourth inches deep, will contain one quart.

Coal Shipments.

The returns of anthracite coal carried over the various canals and railroads of the State for the current year show a shipment of 8,171,152 tons in 1865, against 9,176,100 tons in 1864, a falling off of 1,004,588 tons. There was a decrease of 66,535 tons in the amount of Huntingdon & Broad Top coal shipped for the current year.—So says the Pittsburg *Dispatch*.

MARRIED,

Tuesday, 21st inst., by Rev. S. H. Reid, Mr. JOSEPH C. SHOEMAKER, to Miss MARY C. SMITH, both of this place.

On the 23d inst., at the Exchange Hotel, by Rev. J. A. Price, Mr. ELIJAH CHILCOTE, of Bedford county, and Miss SARAH SWOOPE of Huntingdon county.

On the same day by the same, Mr. WILLIAM HEARN, and Miss KATE HETRICK both of Huntingdon county.

On Thursday last, at the residence of the bride's father, at Alexandria Huntingdon county, by her brother, Rev. Dr. Porter, of Lancaster, Pa., AUGUSTUS S. LANDIS, Esq., of Hollidaysburg, and Miss ELLIE, daughter of John Porter, Esq.

On the 23d inst., by Rev. J. W. Love, at the residence of the bride's mother, Mr. EUGENE WINTERS of Williamsburg, Pa., to Miss RACHEL DONNELLY, of Catharine Township, Blair county, Pa.

DIED,

At his residence, in Mapleton, on Tuesday, 14th inst., Col. JOHN DONALDSON, an old and respected citizen and founder of that village.

Near Fort Madison, Iowa, Nov. 2, 1865, of Congestive fever, after a brief illness, JAMES LAUTHER, Sr., aged 67 years. Mr. L. was formerly of this county, and moved with his family to Iowa in the spring of 1856.

On the 11th inst., in Hartslog Valley, ABRAHAM LINCOLN, an infant child of Benjamin Isenberg and wife, aged about 3 months.

"Suffer little children to come unto me, and forbid them not, for of such is the kingdom of heaven."

On the 8th inst., in Porter twp., Huntingdon county, Pa., Mrs. MARY ANN FOREST, wife of Daniel Forest, *aged 40 years, 6 months and 28 days.*

The deceased leaves a family of eight children, the oldest about thirteen years, and the youngest but three months old. During her protracted sickness she was patient, and entirely resigned to the will of her Heavenly Father. It was natural that she should be loath to be separated from young and tender offspring, but grace enabled her to commit them to Him, who cares for the lambs of His fold. Her faith in the willingness and ability of Christ to save was strong to the last. She died in peace, and we trust is now "where the wicked cease from troubling, and the weary are at rest."

At New Creek, Va., on the 2d July, 1865, BURKET B. BEIGHTEL, of the 22d P. V. Cavalry, formerly a resident of Birmingham, Huntingdon county, Pa.

He rests—the soldier's warfare's o'er,
He hears the clash of arms no more;
His acts were brave, his cause was just,
And glory crowns his honored dust.

No one possessed more patriot zeal—
No one more brave on battle field;
He left his home, and dearest ties,
And gave his life a sacrifice.

His self-denying traits were known,
With brother-soldiers, or at home;
Ready for each emergency,
His heart o'erflowed with sympathy.

His bravery spoke his loyal heart—
Was ready with his life to part;
He scorned to fill a coward's grave,
But fought our bleeding land to save.

Parents, sisters, brothers, now are left,
Of a brave and loving one bereft;
They feel the scourge, and mourn his loss,
But know it was a noble cause.

Selected by M. L. K.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

November, 29.

Family Flour	$11.25
Extra Flour	$9.10
Superfine Flour	$8.50
Rye Flour	$7.50
Corn Meal	$4.75
Extra White Wheat	$2.90@3.00
Fair and Prime Red	$2.30@2.40
Rye	1.30
Corn, prime Yellow	.90
Oats	.53
Barley	$1.35
Clovorseed, 64 lbs	8.50
Timothy	$3.50
Flaxseed	$3.10
Wool	60@70
Hides	.13

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY S. E. HENRY & CO.

Family Flour Bbl	$11.50
Extra Flour	$10.00
Superfine Flour	$9.25
Corn Meal ₰ cwt	$2.50
Buckwheat flour ₰ cwt	$3.00
White Wheat	$2.15
Red Wheat	2.10
Rye	1.00
New Corn	.75
Oats	.45
Cloverseed	7.00
Flaxseed	2.00
Dried Apples	2.50
Butter	.35
Eggs	.25
Lard	.25
Ham	.33
Shoulder	.25
Sides	.28
Tallow	.16
Hay	8.00

HUNTINGDON MARKET.

AN ORDINANCE *to establish and regulate a Market in the borough of Huntingdon.*

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained, and enacted by the Burgesses and Town Council of the borough of Huntingdon, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same*, That it shall and may be lawful to have, hold and keep within the said borough, one market on Tuesday and one on Friday in every week of the year, on that part of Hill street known as "The Diamond." And the hour of opening the market shall be 5 o'clock, a. m., in April, May, June, July, August, and September, and 6 o'clock, a. m., in all other months of the year, and *not earlier*, under a penalty of Five Dollars against each and every person violating the same.

SEC. 2. The Burgesses and Town Council shall appoint a suitable person to Market Master, who shall perform all things belonging to his office, and shall be removable for neglect of duty, and another from time to time appointed and removed as the Council *shall find necessary.*

SEC. 3. From and after the first day of December, 1865, if any victualer or butcher, or other person shall on any of the market days or any other day of the week hawk from door to door, or by any means sell or offer for *sale within the said Borough before twelve* o'clock, m, any beef, veal, mutton, lamb, goat, kid, pork, venison, wood, cheese, butter, poultry, dead or alive, eggs, fish, vegetables, fruit or other food for the use of man, (unless the same be engaged previous to market day,) at any place or places other than the market place in said Borough, he or they shall forfeit the value thereof; one half to be paid to the market master for the use of the corporation and the other half to the person or persons who shall prosecute within one week *after the offence shall have been committed* by giving information on oath thereof to any one of the Burgesses. Provided, always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to any person selling within his or her own dwelling house, or to any person offering for sale while alive any cattle, calves, sheep, goats, kids, hogs, shoats, pigs or deer, or to any person selling milk.

SEC. 4. If any person or persons shall buy up, during market hours, any kind of marketing for the purpose of forestalling or retailing in market, such person so offending shall pay for every offence Five Dollars.

SEC. 5. The Market-master shall give his personal attendance on each and every market day, and shall examine by the legal standard all weights and measures used in said market; and shall upon the application of the owner of any wooden measure mark the same with the letters H. M. with a brand *iron to be kept by him for that purpose*, and such owner shall pay to the said Market-master *therefor 5 cents*; and upon all metal weights and mensures the said Market-master shall stamp the same letters with a stamping iron, also to be kept by him for that purpose, and shall receive from the owner thereof 10 cents for each set of weights and measures by him stamped.

SEC. 6. It shall be the duty of the Market-master to seize, carry away or destroy all weights and measures used in said market place, or on any street, on any day, which upon examination by the legal standard of Avoirdupois weight, liquid and dry measures, shall be found to be deficient; and all provisions which shall be offered for sale according to such false weights and measures shall be immediately seized by the Market-master and forfeited; the one half thereof to the use *of the corporation, and the other half to the* use of the Market-master: and the said Market-master shall seize and destroy all unsound and tainted provisions which may be offered for sale in said market, or on any street, and the owner thereof shall pay the current price thereof for the use of the corporation upon proof being made to the satisfaction of any two of the Burgesses that the owner thereof knew the said provisions were unsound or tainted before he or she offered the same for *sale*.

SEC. 7. It shall be the duty of the Market-master to take care of the weights, measures and brand-irons, which have been provided for the use of the corporation; and he shall not apply, nor suffer them to be applied to any other use than that *mentioned* in this act, and shall be accountable to the Burgesses for the same, and shall deliver up the same to his successor in office.

SEC. 8. The Market-master shall on the last Monday in May and the last Monday in November in every year hereafter deliver in writing to the Burgesses or any two of them a stated account of all moneys by him received in pursuance of the act; and shall on each settlement pay to the Treasurer all moneys in his hands which by this act are appropriated to the use of the corporation.

SEC. 9. All meat or other things usually sold by weight shall be weighed on scales or with scales and weights.

SEC. 10. On application to the Market-master for the purpose, he shall measure all wood sold or offered to be sold by the cord, and shall be entitled to receive from each applicant the sum of 15 cents for each call for measuring one or more cords or any part of one cord; and all wood measuring less than a cord, or less than such part of a cord as the same may be represented to be, or may have been sold for, shall be forfeited; the one half, to the Market-master, and the other half, to the use of the corporation.

SEC. 11. All articles (unless tainted or unsound) forfeited during market hours shall be seized and sold by the Market-master at public outcry in the market place to the highest bidder, at 12 o'clock of the same day; and all articles forfeited elsewhere shall be sold by the Market-master at public outcry to the highest bidder immediately after the seizure, at any convenient place.

SEC. 12. The Market-master shall see that a passage for vehicles through the market place is kept clear, and that market wagons, &c., are conveniently arranged.

SEC. 13. The Market-master shall for every market day that he attends receive the sum of 50 cents out of the funds of the Borough, to be paid upon an order upon the Treasurer drawn by any two of the Burgesses, in addition to the perquisites arising to him by virtue of this act.

SEC. 14. That if any person or persons shall take by violence or otherwise any articles exposed to sale within the bounds of the market place, and carry away, eat or destroy the same without making full compensation to the owner or owners thereof, he or they shall, besides such compensation, pay a fine of not more than five dollars or less than twenty-five cents, at the discretion of the Burgess before whom the offender shall be tried, which fines shall be recovered by warrant from under the hand and seal of any one of the Burgesses for the use of the corporation

SEC. 15. All ordinances and parts of ordinances, relating to the regulation of markets, heretofore passed, are hereby repealed.

☞ *We clip the following from one* of the Philadelphia daily papers.—Our people visiting or sending down to the city, would do well to make a note of it:

WANAMAKER & BROWN'S FINE CLOTHING.—This establishment, located at the corner of Sixth and Market street, Philada., familiarly known as "Oak Hall," is probably the largest and best conducted Ready Made Clothing and Merchant Tailoring House, in the State. Their superior syles, excellent workmanship and moderation in prices have made their house deservedly popular.

In their Custom Department, where elegant garments are made to order, none but the very best artists are employed, and the fine assortment of materials to select from enables every one to be well suited.

Samples will be sent by mail, and instructions for measuring, when written for. no8-2m

HOUSE FOR SALE.

The undersigned will offer at private sale, the house formerly occupied by him in McConnellstown. It is a three-story frame building, suitable for either a private dwelling or a tavern stand. If not sold at private sale previous to December 4, 1865, it will be offered at public sale on that day at 10 o'clock in the fore noon. For further particulars apply to HENRY SMITH,
Proprietor JACKSON HOUSE, Huntingdon, Pa.
Nov. 20, 1865-ts.

TWO BRICK HOUSES FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale, the new brick house on the south west corner of Montgomery and Church streets in the borough of Huntingdon, now occupied by J. K. McCahan, and the lot thereto attached, fronting 60 feet on each of said streets. PRICE—$2000.

ALSO, The brick house adjoining the same on the south, now occupied by Rev. J. C. Clark, with the lot thereto attached, fronting 60 feet on Montgomery street. PRICE—$1100.

If the above is sold together to the same purchaser, a deduction of $100 will be made from the prices above stated.

☞ Time given on payments to suit purchasers, and possession is given on the first day of April next.

Nov. 29, '65-2t. SAMUEL T. BROWN.

FOR SALE.

ONE new trotting BUGGY, one good CARRIAGE, and one MARE, three years old next spring.
Huntingdon, Oct. 25, 1865. LEOPOLD BLOOM.

FOR SALE.

THE RUINS OF THE LATE ALEXANDRIA FOUNDRY.

THE undersigned not feeling to rebuild the Foundry now offers for sale the ruins and all property saved. The building was a stone structure.—The Moulding room was 44 x 46; Ware room, Engine and Lathe rooms were 30 x 47; the walls of which are still standing and were but little injured by the fire. The engine, boiler and stack are perfect, the cupola is also standing uninjured. There is a large stock of valuable patterns, consisting of rolling mill, grist mill, forge and furnace patterns; a large stock of flasks for all kinds of work, a full set of large and small cog-in and hand ladles, the largest of which is capable of holding twenty hundred.

The ground connected with the Foundry is one acre and fifteen perches, on which there is erected a frame building used as a pattern house; also, wagon and carriage houses.

ALSO,

Three houses and lots, having fruit, &c., all of which will be sold cheap. Terms easy to suit the purchaser.

For further particulars apply in person or by mail to
R. C. McFILL,
Alexandria, Huntingdon county
oct.11 Penna.

A FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.

The subscribers will offer at private sale a farm situated in Jackson township, containing about

TWO HUNDRED ACRES,

one hundred and forty of which are cleared, and the balance well timbered with pine, oak and chestnut.

The improvements consist of a good dwelling house, bank barn, blacksmith shop, corn house, wagon shed, and other necessary out buildings.

A branch of Stone Creek runs through the premises, and a spring of good and never failing water near the house. A good apple orchard, and a number of young peach trees are also on the farm.

This is a desirable location, well adapted to the raising of stock, and is convenient to schools and churches.

For further information inquire of the undersigned living on the farm.

JOSEPH DUFF.
oct-3m SAMUEL DUFF.

Farm For Sale.

THE HEIRS of Joseph Reed will sell at private sale a valuable limestone farm containing

157 Acres, 141 Perches,

and allowances, situate in WEST TOWNSHIP, Huntingdon county, Pa., one mile fro Petersburg, which is on the Juniata Railroad.

About 120 acres are cleared and in good state of cultivation, including some 25 acres in meadow. The remaining part is well timbered and every acre available for farming purposes.

There are on it a large well finished brick house, a large bank barn, one tenant house, a brick spring house, carriage house, wagon shed and corn crib.

Also, an excellent apple and peach orchard. The fences are good, including nearly 200 panels post and rail fence.

On the farm are three never failing springs of the best limestone water, and a running stream passing through one corner of the barnyard. This presents a rare chance to obtain a productive, first quality farm.

For further particulars call upon or address, previous to October 20th, the undersigned.

T. D. REED, Petersburg, Hunt. co.
se19 JAMES A. BROWN, Huntingdon.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned will sell for a reasonable price the following real estate situate in DUBLIN Township, Huntingdon county, belonging to Mrs. Eliza M. Fym:

No. 1.—Adjoining lands of James Neely, William Stewart, and others, containing one hundred and sixteen acres and sixty-five perches, more or less.

No. 2.—Adjoining lands of James Neely, James Kelly, and James Cree, containing seventeen acres, more or less.

No. 3.—Adjoining the above and containing seventeen acres and thirty-six perches, part whereof is cleared.

The real estate above mentioned was purchased by Mrs. Eliza M. Fym at Sheriff's sale of the property of William Campbell.

Any person wishing to purchase the above properties can ascertain the full particulars and terms of sale by calling on H. C. Robson, Esq., of Shade Gap, or

SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY,
Huntingdon, July 12, 1865. Attys. for E. M. Fym.

LOTS FOR SALE IN WEST HUNTINGDON, PA.

APPLY TO

WM. DORRIS, JR.,
Agent for J. E. Thomson.
Huntingdon, June 20, 1865.

Farm For Sale.

THE undersigned offer the Farm on which they reside, in West township, Huntingdon county, at private sale. It is situated three miles from Petersburg, and the same distance from Railroad and canal. It contains three hundred and forty-nine acres and allowance; good buildings, and about one hundred and fifty acres cleared, and well adapted for a stock farm.

J. S. MAGUIRE,
aprl19,1864-tf. RACHEL MAGUIRE.

Boots and Shoes.

GEO. SHAEFFER

Has just returned from the east with a

SPLENDID STOCK

OF

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, &C.,

Which he offers to the inspection of his customers and the public generally. He will sell his stock at the most

REASONABLE PRICES,

and those who purchase once will surely call again.

BOOTS & SHOES MADE TO ORDER,

and REPAIRING done in the neatest and most expeditious manner.

Call upon Mr. Schaeffer at his shop on Hill street, a few doors west of the Diamond.

GREAT ENTHUSIASM!

HIGH PRICES SURRENDER!!

THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST.

JOHN H. WESTBROOK

Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he has just received from the city a new and splendid stock of

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,

Hosiery, Shoe Findings, Carpet Sacks, Trunks, &c., &c., &c., &c.

all of which he is prepared to sell at reduced prices.

A lot of choice CONFECTIONERIES have also been received.

Don't forget the old stand in the Diamond. Old customers and the public generally are invited to call.

Huntingdon, april12, 1865.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

WM. AFRICA

Informs the public that he has just opened at his old stand in the Diamond, Huntingdon

A Fine Assortment of all kinds of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

For Ladies, Gentlemen and Children,

All of which he will sell at fair prices. *Quick sales and small profits.* Call and examine my stock.

Manufacturing and Repairing done to order as usual.

Huntingdon, Oct. 19, 1865.

M'MANIGAL'S LIVERY STABLE,

MONTGOMERY STREET,

Between the Baptist and Catholic Churches,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

THE PUBLIC GENERALLY are informed that the subscriber is prepared, at his New LIVERY STABLE, to accommodate all with

HORSES, BUGGIES, & CARRIAGES

at reasonable rates, on short notice.

HENRY M'MANIGALL.

Huntingdon, March 8, 1865-ly.

☞ Fine Cigars and Tobacco for sale at Lewis' Book Store

MUSIC STORE.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS AND SEWING MACHINES.

B. M. GREENE has just opened his Music Store, one door west of W Lewis' Book store, where he keeps constantly on hand STEINWAY & SONS' and GAEHLE'S Piano Manufacturing Company's PIANOS, MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS and CARHART, NEEDHAM & CO.S' MELODEONS; Guitars, Violins, Fifes, Flutes; Guitar and Violin Strings.

MUSIC BOOKS—Golden Chain, Golden Shower, Golden Censor, Golden Trio, &c., &c.

SHEET MUSIC.—He is constantly receiving from Philadelphia all the latest music, which persons at a distance wishing, can order, and have sent them by mail.

Also GROVER & BAKER'S Celebrated SEWING MACHINES—the only machine that, in addition to every kind of sewing, embroiders perfectly; sewing Silk and Cotton of all kinds and colors for machines.

Persons buying Sewing Machines fully instructed in the use of them.

☞ Pianos and Organs Warranted for five years.

Those wishing to buy any of the above articles are invited to call and examine mine before purchasing elsewhere My prices are the same as in New York and Philadelphia.

Circulars of Instruments or Machines, sent promptly upon application with any additional information desired.

B. M. GREENE,
Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.,
se27 One door west of Lewis' Book Store

1865. 1865.

CLOTHING.

H. ROMAN.

NEW

CLOTHING

FOR

FALL AND WINTER,

JUST RECEIVED

AT

H. ROMAN'S

CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.

For Gentlemen's Clothing of the best material, and made in the best workmanlike manner, call at

H. ROMAN'S,

opposite the Franklin House in Market Square, Huntingdon, Pa.

Huntingdon oct 17, '65.

NEW STOCK OF GOODS.

EVERYBODY IS INVITED TO CALL AT

S. S. SMITH'S STORE,

ON HILL STREET, HUNTINGDON, PENNA.

THE BEST

SUGAR and MOLASSES,
COFFEE, TEA and CHOCOLATE,
FLOUR, FISH, SALT and VINEGAR,
CONFECTIONERIES, CIGARS and TOBACCO,
SPICES OF THE BEST, AND ALL KINDS,

and every other article usually found in a Grocery Store

ALSO— Drugs, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs,
Paints, Varnishes, Oils and Spts. Turpentine,
Fluid, Alcohol; Glass and Putty,
BEST WINE and BRANDY for medical purposes.
ALL THE BEST PATENT MEDICINES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,

and a large number of articles too numerous to mention

The public generally will please call and examine for themselves and learn my prices.

S. S. SMITH.

Huntingdon, Oct 17 '65.

CHEAP GROCERY STORE.

Z. YENTER,

HILL ST., HUNTINGDON, PA.

THE undersigned offers for the inspection and purchase of customers a large and assorted stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c. He feels satisfied they can be accomodated with anything in his line. His prices are low, and his stock fresh and good. He keeps the best of

SUGAR, COFFEE,
TEAS, SPICES, SALT,
TOBACCO & SEGARS,
BOOTS and SHOES,
HATS & CAPS, &c.

ALSO—

HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES,
MOLASSES, OILS, VINEGAR,
FISH, CHEESE, FLOUR RICE,
And NOTIONS of every kind.

A select stock of DRY GOODS, together with QUEENSWARE, and all other articles kept in a well regulated establishment for sale at reasonable prices.

☞ His store is on Hill street, nearly opposite the Bank, and in the room formerly occupied by D. Grove.

Call and examine.

Huntingdon, Oct 17, 1865.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

25 PER CENT. CHEAPER THAN

THE CHEAPEST!

SIMON COHN,

AT COFFEE RUN STATION,

Would respectfully call the attention of his old patrons especially, and the public in general, to his extensive stock of well selected new Goods, just received from the Eastern cities, consisting, in part, of

Dry Goods,
Clothing, Wool
en Ware, Notions,
Hats and Caps, Boots and
Shoes, Bonnets, Shawls, Circulars, Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, Wood and Willow-ware, Tobacco, Segars, Nails, Glass, Provisions, Oil, Fish, Salt, Tinware, Copper Ware, Drugs and
Medicines, Clocks,
Watches, &c.,

and all other articles kept in a first class try store; all selected with the greatest care and which were purchased for cash only, and affords him to sell them at a very low figure. The public will find it to their advantage to call and examine our unsurpassed stock, before purchasing elsewhere. No pains will be spared in showing our Goods. Ladies are specially invited to examine our large stock of fashionable dress goods; Shawls, Circulars, Furs, and a great variety of Woolen Goods, Hosiery, &c. Also, a handsome assortment of LADIES' COATS

All kinds of produce taken in exchange at the highest market prices—cash not refused. By strict attention to the wants of customers, we hope to receive a continuation of the liberal patronage with which we have been heretofore favored. Come one and all, and TRY.

☞ New Goods received daily.

oct 18 1865. SIMON COHN.

WAR FOR THE UNION.

NEW ORLEANS, St. LOUIS, MEMPHIS, NORFOLK, &c.

TAKEN.—ASHBY SLAIN, AND OUR BACKBONE OF "SECESH" BROKEN

But while you rejoice at the success of our gallant troops, and the prospect of the speedy downfall of the Rebel Army, do not forget to call at the store of

WALLACE & CLEMENT,

before purchasing elsewhere, and see our new stock of goods, consisting of

Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Boots and Shoes,
Queensware,
Crockery ware,
Tobacco, Segars,
Hams,
Flitch,
Shoulders,
Fish,
Flour,
Salt,

and a general assortment of notions, all of which fered on reasonable terms for cash or produce.

Huntingdon, July 1, 1863.

GOOD NEWS!

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!!

THE success of our armies and the consequent decline in the price of gold and other commodities, enable me to send

GOOD TIDINGS TO THE BLACKSMITHS,

and all others who buy IRON, STEEL, NAILS, &c.

Having moved my store to the large and commodious Bricker Store Room, I have received a large assortment of WAGON TIRE, HORSE SHOE IRON, round and square BAR IRON, bought from the makers since the decline in gold, which I am selling at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

All persons wishing to buy IRON, STEEL, NAILS, LOCKS, PAINTS, GLASS, or any kind of HARDWARE for cash, will save money by sending their orders, or calling at the Hardware Store of

JAMES A. BROWN,
April 6, '65. Huntingdon, Pa.

New Furniture Establishment.

J. M. WISE,

Manufacturer and Dealer in Furniture,

Respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his stand on Hill st., Huntingdon, between Cunningham's Store and Dean's National House, where he manufactures and keeps all kinds of Furniture at reduced prices. Persons wishing to purchase, will do well to give him a call.

Repairing of all kinds attended to promptly and charges reasonable.

☞ Also, Undertaking carried on, and Coffins made in any style desired, at short notice.

☞ Funerals attended at any place in town or country by

J. M. WISE.

Huntingdon, Sept. 24, 1862-tf

FRUIT TREES,
ORNAMENTAL TREES,
SHADE TREES,
GRAPE VINES,
PLANTS, &C.,

At the nurseries of Taylor & Cremer

Who offer their stock of well grown and thrifty TREES, VINES, PLANTS, &c., at their old prices. The expense of grafting and planting this stock having been incurred before the outbreak of the rebellion when the price of labor was low, they can afford to sell these Trees at 50 per cent. less than they can sell the same kind of trees next year. While other Nurserymen have raised their prices about 66 per cent., these still sell at the old rates this year; that is to say—Apple Trees, $15, $18, and $20 per hundred, according to size, &c. Standard Pear 50 to 75 cents each. Dwarf Pear, 50 to 75 cents each, and $30 to $45 per hundred. Plum and Apricot, at 40 to 50 cents each. Also, Peach, Cherry, Quince and other trees; Grape Vines, Lawton Blackberry, Raspberry, and Strawberry plants, Dahlia roots, and Shade and Ornamental Trees—all at the old rates.

Money invested in fruit trees is sure to yield a good return. Now is your time to order trees.

Address, THEODORE H. CREMER,
eb8, 1865* Huntingdon, Pa.

Mercantile College, Philadelphia

Pollock's

ESTABLISHED IN 1840.

Incorporated by the Legislature of the State of Pennsylvania.

Located on the N. W. Corner of 7th and Chestnut sts. (701) (701)

Designed exclusively to impart a thorough and PRACTICAL BUSINESS EDUCATION.

All classes of persons require such an education. Those possessing means, need it in conducting *their own* business Those without means need it in obtaining and creditably filling lucrative positions in the *employ of others.*

The course of instruction and practice is arranged so as to fully meet the diversified wants of every department of

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN TRADE,

as comprehended or embraced under the three general divisions of industry: Agriculture, Manufactures and Commerce.

Each student is instructed individually in both theory and practice of Book Keeping, according to the most approved and labor saving methods, Business Penmanship, Calculations, and all the collateral branches of a complete course of business education; and upon passing a satisfactory examination is awarded, by authority of law, a diploma, under the corporate seal of the college.

Students are received at any time. And it is believed that a practical experience of over TWENTY YEARS will be considered by the public an ample guarantee of the practical character of the course and efficiency of the instruction.

All further information desired can be obtained at the college, or by addressing the Principal for a circular by mail.

☞ A liberal discount is allowed to wounded and honorably discharged soldiers. The college is open day and evening.

T. H. POLLOCK, Att'y-at-Law,
y12, 1865 Principal.

LADIES' FANCY FURS,

AT

JOHN FAREIRA'S

OLD ESTABLISHED

Fur Manufactory

718 ARCH Street, above Seventh,

PHILADELPHIA.

I have now in store of my own Importation and Manufacture, one of the LARGEST and most BEAUTIFUL selections of

Fancy Furs,

for LADIES' and CHILDREN'S WEAR, in the City. Also, a fine assortment of Gent's Fur Gloves and Collars.

I am enabled to dispose of my goods at very REASONABLE PRICES and I would therefore solicit a call from my friends of Huntingdon county and vicinity.

☞ Remember the Name, Number and Street!

JOHN FAREIRA,
718 ARCH Street, above 7th, South side,
se27-4m PHILADELPHIA.

☞ I HAVE NO PARTNER, NOR CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE IN PHILADELPHIA.

PENNSYLVANIA

PAINT AND COLOR WORKS.

Liberty White Lead!

TRY IT! TRY IT!

Liberty White Lead!

TRY IT! TRY IT!

Warranted to cover more surface, for same weight, than any other Buy the best, it is the cheapest.

TRY IT! TRY IT!

Liberty Lead is whiter than any other.
Liberty Lead covers better than any other.
Liberty Lead wears longer than any other.
Liberty Lead is more economical than any other.
Liberty Lead is more free from impurities and is Warranted to do more and better work, at a given cost, than any other.

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Manufactured and warranted by

ZIEGLER & SMITH,

Wholesale Drug, Paint & Glass Dealers,

137 *North Third Street, Philada.*

oct11,1865

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Wall Papers, &c.

HOWELL & BOURKE,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Paper Hangings & Window Shades,

N. E. Corner Fourth & Market sts.

PHILADELPHIA.

N. B.—Always in store a large stock of LINEN and OIL SHADES.

Philadelphia, Aug. 23-3m.

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520 Arch st., Philada.

WATCHES,
FINE JEWELRY,
SOLID SILVERWARE,
and superior
SILVER PLATED WARE.

oct11-3m

I. K. STAUFFER,

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,

No. 148 North SECOND Street, corner of Quarry,

PHILADELPHIA.

An assortment of Watches, Jewelry, Silver & Plated Ware constantly on hand,

SUITABLE FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS!

☞ Repairing of Watches and Jewelry promptly attended to.

ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGANS,

Are not only unexcelled, but they are absolutely *unequalled* by any other Reed Instrument in the country.—Designed expressly for Churches and schools, they are found to be equally well adapted to the parlor and drawing room.

For sale only by E. M. BRUCE.
No. 18 North SEVENTH street, Philadelphia.

☞ Also, BRADBURY'S PIANOS, and a complete assortment of the PERFECT MELODEON. se17-1y

JAMES H. ELDREDGE. GEO. P. ELDREDGE.

ELDREDGE & BRO.,

Publishers, Stationers, Booksellers,

No. 17 and 19 South Sixth Street,

(Above Chestnut,) PHILADELPHIA.

Particular attention paid to the country trade.

Always on hand a large supply of Letter, Cap, Note, Bill, and Wrapping Paper; Envelopes; School and Miscellaneous Books; Pens, Ink, Slates, Mucilage, Photograph Albums, Paper Bags, &c., &c., &c.

Liberal terms to cash customers. aug28'65-1y

MONTHLY TIME BOOKS,

For sale at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

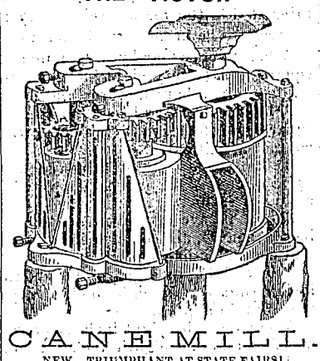
LIQUORS,

of the best, for Medicina purposes at

S. S. SMITH'S.

1865. 1865.

THE "VICTOR"



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NEW. TRIUMPHANT AT STATE FAIRS!

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SUGAR EVAPORATOR.

MOST RAPID EVAPORATOR IN THE WORLD!

"SORGO HAND-BOOK," FREE.

CANE SEED, by the lb or bushel, FOR SALE AT COST!

Prince & Co's New AUTOMATIC ORGANS. The greatest triumph of the age!
New style MELODEONS, with improvements.
Grover & Baker's FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

Send for Circulars, &c. Free.

A. B. BRUMBAUGH,
Sole Agent,
au9-0m James Creek, Huntingdon co., Pa.

Electricity.

DR. BREWSTER HAS OPENED an office in Huntingdon, Pa., and has cured, and further pledges himself to cure a class of diseases acknowledged to be incurable by any known process of medication, diseases that never have, nor never can be controlled, only by his mode of applying the various modifications of Electricity.

The Doctor does not wish to convey the impression that he cures all diseases in all conditions; he does not wish to shock the sense of the public by asserting that he can cure pulmonary consumption after the lungs are half decayed, but he pledges himself to cure every case of pulmonary consumption in the early and middle stage, and every other disease where a sufficient amount of vitality remains for reaction.

Electricity is always safe in the hands of an experienced operator. The currents are perfectly under control, and can be regulated to suit the delicate nerves of a child without any unpleasant sensation.

☞ All those who have long suffered from painful and obstinate diseases!

☞ All those who have been given up by other Physicians!

☞ All those who have been dismissed as incurable from hospitals!

ARE INVITED TO CALL.

Electricity, unlike Medicine, is capable of producing all the changes necessary to cure any disease, when applied from proper polarities. The following are among the diseases our system of practice has proved especially successful in curing.

Diseases Cured by Electropathy.

Amaurosis; Aphony, loss of voice, &c.; Asthma; Ague Chills, fever and ague; Atrophy; nervous consumption; Atony of the stomach, Amenorrhœa, suppressed menses; All mercurial diseases; Bites of poisonous insects or animals; Bronchitis; stone or gravel in Bladder; Consumption; Chlorosis, green sickness; Concussion of brain; Contraction of chest; stricture of limbs, Cholic, from different causes; Cramps or spasms, chronic or acute; Congestive diseases of all kinds, Coreu; St. Vitus dance; Coldness of feet and hands; Cancers, in certain stages; Copper colored cuticle, or blotches; Catarrh; Diptheria; Deformed limbs straitened, Deafness, from paralysis of accoustic nerve; Dizziness or drowsiness; Dropsy; Diabetes; Dyspepsia, in all its forms; Dismenorrhœa; painful menstruation; Difficult respiration; Enlargement of joints; Earache; Epilepsy, falling sickness; Fits, from different causes; Gastrition, irritation of the stomach; Gout; Goitre or swelled neck; Glandular swellings; Hemiplegia; Hemorrhage, from different causes; Hysteria, irritable spine, &c.; sick or nervous headache; Insanity; Inflamed or sore eyes; Incontinence of urine; torpid state of Liver; Lungs, hemorrhage of, congestion of, &c.; Lockjaw; Liver, enlargement of; Leucliorrhea; flour albus; whites; Mental depression; Muscular contraction; Menstruation, derangement in; Monomania; Milk leg; Numbness, from injuries or otherwise; Neuralgia; Nocturnal emissions; Old sores; Indolent ulcers; Ozena, in some of its forms; Paraplegia; Palsy, numb or shaking, Paralysis, in whatever part; Poisoning; Palpitation of the heart; Prostration from various causes; Prolapsus uteri, &c., Prolapsus ani, or piles; excessive Perspiration; suspended Perspiration; Pulmonary apoplexy; Rush of Blood to the head; Rheumatism, acute or chronic; Restlessness; Swelled Tonsils; Sore Throat; from any cause; Salt rheum; Scrofula; Spinal diseases, curvature, &c; Ovarian Tumors; &c.; Tremens, do. Brium, or at death, Tetanus, or lockjaw, Uterine misplacements, Uterine weakness; Weak Eyes, &c.; White swellings. WM. BREWSTER, M. D.,
oct 4, 1865 Huntingdon, Pa.

COUGH, MORE TRY STRICKLAND'S NERVOUS COUGH BALSAM.

Dr. Strickland's Mellifluous Cough Balsam is warranted to cure Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Consumption, and all affections of the Throat and Lungs.

For sale by Druggists. General Depot, No. 6, East Fourth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Diarrhœa

All the Medical men and the Presses recommend Dr. Strickland's Anti-Cholera Mixture as the only certain remedy for Diarrhœa and Dysentery. It is a combination of Astringents, Aborients, Stimulents and Carminatives, and is warranted to effect a cure after all other means have failed.

For sale by Druggists. General Depot, No. 6, East Fourth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

STRICKLAND'S PILE REMEDY.

Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy has cured thousands of the worst cases of Blind and Bleeding Piles. It gives immediate relief and effects a permanent cure. Try it directly. It is warranted to cure.

For sale by all Druggists. General Depot, No. 6, East Fourth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUSNESS AND DEBILITY.

Dr. STRICKLAND'S TONIC.—We can recommend those suffering with loss of Appetite, Indigestion, or Dyspepsia, Nervousness or Nervous Debility, to use Strickland's Tonic. It is a vegetable preparation, free from alcoholic liquors; it strengthens the whole nervous system; it creates a good appetite, and is warranted to cure Dyspepsia and Nervous Debility.

For sale by Druggists generally, at $1 per bottle. Prepared by Dr. A. Strickland, No. 6, East Fourth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

JOHN REED, Agent, Huntingdon, Pa.

DR. VENARD'S

STAR MAGIC LINIMENT.

$1000 REWARD will be paid for any medicine that excels this for the following diseases:

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Spinal Affections, Contracted Joints, Cholic Pains, Pains in Side or Back, Toothache, Headache, Sprains, Sore Throat, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, and all Diseases of the Muscles, Skin and Glands.

This is an Internal and External Medicine, composed of Roots, Herbs and Barks such as our forefathers used.—There is a bountiful supply on the earth to cure all complaints, if we only knew what they were. This has been a subject for constant study with the Medical Faculty for a great many years, to find out the Kinds best adapted to the above complaints—how to put them together, and what portions to use.

This wonderful remedy needs no recommendation save the results which invariably follow its application.

☞ This popular remedy is fast coming into use from the fact that it gives good satisfaction.

☞ PHYSICIANS are invited to test its efficacy in all cases of Rheumatism, Affections of the Spinal Column, and all Diseases of the Skin, Muscles and Glands. It has been used in thousands of instances under the personal supervision of the Inventors, and has never disappointed their expectations. All we ask for it is a trial—experimental proof—not the testimony of the men of straw, are the vouchers we desire to present to the public.

It would be well for many to lay by in bels of torture, if these facts could reach their sick chambers. It is more important to them than to the inventors that this should be the case. "Truth is mighty and must prevail."

☞ Keep it in your family, for sickness comes when you least expect it.

PRICE—ONE DOLLAR.

SAMUEL H. SHOEMAKER,
SOLE AGENT, HUNTINGDON, PA.
Huntingdon, Pa., July 19, 1865.

TRACING MUSLIN,
DRAFTING AND DRAWING PAPER
White and Colored Card Paper,
For sale at
LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

AGENCY,

FOR COLLECTING SOLDIERS CLAIMS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY AND PENSIONS.

ALL who may have any claims against the Government for Bounty, Back Pay and Pensions, can have their claims promptly collected by applying either in person or by letter to

W. H. WOODS,
Attorney at Law,
Huntingdon, Pa.

August 12, 1863.

MARBLE YARD. The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and the adjoining counties to the stock of cantiful marble now on hand. He is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice, Monumental Marble, Tomb, Tables and Stones of every desired size and form of Italian or Eastern Marble, highly finished, and carved with appropriate devices, or plain, as may suit.

Building Marble, Door and Window Sills, &c., will be furnished to order.

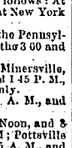
W. W. pledges himself to furnish material and workmanship equal to any in the country, at a fair price. Call and see, before you purchase elsewhere. Shop on Hill treet, Huntingdon, Pa.

WM. WILLIAMS.

Huntingdon, May 16 1865.

ALEXANDRIA BREWERY.

E. O. & G. W. COLDER.



HAVING entered into co-partnership in the Alexandria Brewery, the public are informed that they will be prepared at all times to fill orders on the shortest notice.

Alexandria, Jan. 13, 1865-tf.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

TIME OF LEAVING OF TRAINS

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

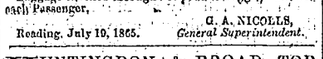
WESTWARD. MAIL TRAIN	PAY & FRT	EMIGRANT	EXPRESS	HALFMORE	STATIONS.	EASTWARD ORIGINAL EXPRESS	DAY EXPRESS	MAIL TRAIN
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.			P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
5 25	4 13	11 58	.....	.....	N. Hamilton,	4 39	.....	8 54
5 33	4 21	12 08	.....	.....	Mt. Union,	4 30	9 53	8 45
5 42	4 30	12 18	.....	.....	Mapleton,	4 22	.....	8 37
5 52	4 39	12 28	.....	.....	Mill Creek,	4 13	9 37	8 28
6 09	4 54	12 48	5 40	.....	Huntingdon,	4 00	9 24	8 16
6 25	5 09	1 08	.....	.....	Petersburg,	3 42	9 08	7 5
6 33	5 17	1 20	.....	.....	Barree,	3 34	.....	7 49
6 41	5 27	1 32	.....	.....	Spruce Creek,	3 27	8 55	7 42
6 52	.....	1 53	.....	.....	Birmingham,	3 10	.....	7 26
7 10	5 55	2 05	7 05	.....	Tyrone,	2 58	8 33	7 13
7 25	6 06	2 20	.....	.....	Tipton,	2 48	.....	7 03
7 31	6 13	2 28	.....	.....	Fostoria,	2 42	.....	6 57
7 36	6 18	2 35	.....	.....	Bell's Mills,	2 37	8 12	6 52
8 00	6 40	3 00	8 10	.....	Altoona,	2 20	7 55	6 35
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.			P. M.	A. M.	P. M.

The PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS Eastward, leaves Altoona at 9 30 P. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 10 49 P. M.

The FAST LINE Eastward leaves Altoona at 3 20 A. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 4 40 A. M.

The PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 18 A. M., and arrives at Altoona at 8 50 A. M.

The FAST LINE Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 8 08 P. M., and arrives at Altoona at 9 30 P. M.



READING RAIL ROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,

JULY 20, 1865.

GREAT TRUNK LINE FROM THE North and North-West for PHILADELPHIA, NEW-YORK, READING, POTTSVILLE, LEBANON, ALLENTOWN, EASTON, &c., &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 3 00 and 8 15 A. M. and 1 45 P. M., arriving at New York at 10 00 A. M., and 3 00 and 10 30 P. M.

The above connect with similar Trains on the Pennsylvania Railroad, and sleeping cars accompany the 3 00 and 8 15 a. m. trains, without change.

Leave for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8 15 A. M., and 1 45 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and principal stations only.

Way Trains, stopping at all points, at 7 25 A. M., and 4 40 P. M.

Returning, leave NEW-YORK at 9 A. M., 12 Noon, and 8 P. M. Philadelphia at 8 A. M., and 3 30 P. M.; Pottsville at 8 15 A. M., and 2 35 P. M.; Tamaqua at 3 15 A. M., and 2 15 P. M., and Reading at 1 a. m., 7 35 and 10 45 A. M., 1 38 and 6 05 P. M.

An Accommodation Passenger Train leaves READING at 6.00 A. M., and returns from PHILADELPHIA at 5.00 P. M.

Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 6 and 10 55 A. M., for Ephrata, Lititz, Columbia, &c.

On Sundays, leave New York at 8 P. M., Philadelphia, 3 15 P. M., Pottsville 7 30 A. M., Tamaqua 7 A. M., Harrisburg 8 15 A. M., and Reading at 1 00 a. m., for Harrisburg.

COMMUTATION, MILEAGE, SEASON, and EXCURSION TICKETS at reduced rates to and from all points.

Baggage checked through: 80 pounds Baggage allowed each Passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS,
Reading, July 19, 1865. *General Superintendent.*

HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

On and after Monday, November 13, 1865, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

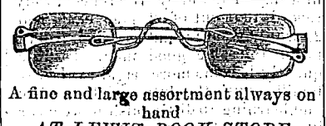
SOUTHWARD TRAINS. Accomm.	Express	STATIONS AND SIDINGS.	NORTHWARD TRAINS. Accomm	Express
P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	P. M.
LE 4 15	LE 8 10	Huntingdon,	AR 11 30	AR 5 45
4 35	8 30	McConnellstown,	11 10	5 24
4 43	8 38	Pleasant Grove,	11 11	5 16
5 00	8 54	Marklesburg,	10 55	5 00
5 16	9 10	Coffee Run,	10 39	4 45
5 24	9 18	Rough & Ready,	10 31	4 36
5 36	9 30	Cove,	10 19	4 24
5 40	9 34	Fisher's Summit	10 15	4 20
AR 5 55	AR 9 49		LE 4 05	
LE 10 00	LE 10 00	Saxton,	LE 10 00	AR 3 55
10 20		Riddlesburg		3 35
10 28		Hopewell,		3 27
10 46		Piper's Run,		3 09
11 18		Hamilton,		2 47
11 31		Bloody Run,		2 34
AR 11 35		Mount Dallas,		LE 2 30

SHOUP'S RUN BRANCH.

LE 10 05	Saxton,			3 f0
10 20	Coalmont,			3 35
10 26	Crawford,			3 25
AR 10 35	Dudley,			3 20
	Broad Top City,			LE 2 30

Huntingdon Nov. 13, 1865. OLIVER AYERS, Supt.

SPECTACLES.



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AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

ALBUMS ALBUMS.

A beautiful assortment of PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS just received and for sale

AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

U. S. REVENUE STAMPS

FOR SALE

AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

HUNTINGDON, PENNA.

MUSIC THE CYTHARA—The Presbyterian Psalmodist—The Shawm—The Jubilee—Hunton's and Bertini's enlarged and improved Instructors—Welland's Newand Improved Method for the Guitar—Laland's Accordeon, Violin and Flute Instructors—Winner's and Howe's Violin Instructors—Bellak's Melodeon Instructor—Burrowes' Piano-Forte Primer—do. Thorough-Bass Primer—Howe's Drawing Room Dances—The Chorus Glee Book—Tara's Harp, for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

Generally in use in the Schools of the County, not on hand, will be furnished to order, on application at

LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

ENVELOPES—

By the box, pack, or less quantity, for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

BOOTS and SHOES, the largest and cheapest assortment in town, at

D. P. GWIN'S.

GUN BARRELS AND LOCKS.—A large assortment at

BROWN'S HARDWARE STORE.

PARCHMENT DEED PAPER—ruled, for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

CALL at D. P. GWIN'S if you want GOOD GOODS.

FOR THE LADIES,

A superior article of Note Paper and Envelopes, suitable for *confidential* correspondence, for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

BOOKS

For Sale at Lewis' Book Store,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

—o—

Annals of the Army of the Cumberland.
Rebel Invasion of Maryland and Pennsylvania, and the Battle of Gettysburg.
Pictorial History of the Wars of the U. S.
Washington and his Generals.
Kane's Arctic Explorations, 2 volumes.
Webber's Wild Scenes and Wild Hunters.
Field's Scrap Book.
Coal and Coal Oil, by Eli Bowen.
Chambers Information for the People, 2 Vols.
Life and Public Services of Abr'm. Lincoln.
Partons Life of Andrew Jackson, 3 volumes.
General Butler in New Orleans, by Parton.
Jackson and New Orleans, by Alex. Walker.
Irving's Life of Washington, 5 volumes.
Life of John Fitch, by Thompson Westcott.
Smucker's Life & Times of Alex. Hamilton.
Taylor's Life and Travels of Von Humboldt.
Opportunities for Industry and Capital, or 1000 Chances to Make Money.
Freedley's Practical Treatise on Business.
Sinding's History of Scandinavia.
Walker's Rhyming Dictionary.
Good's Book of Nature.
Ovid, [literally translated,] by H. T. Riley.
Beauties and Achievements of the Blind.
Stewart's Freemason's Manual.
Webb's " Monitor.
Davis' " "
Cross' Masonic Chart.
Shakspeare's Complete Works.
What Can Woman Do, by T. S. Arthur.
The Withered Heart, do.
The Deserted Wife, by Mrs. E. Southworth.
Pencil Sketches, by Miss Leslie.
The Lawyer's Story, by J. A. Maitland.
Diary of an Old Doctor, do.
The Wanderer, do.
Adam Bede, by George Elliot.
Courtship and Matrimony, by Robert Morris
Parisian Pickings, by Julie De Marguerittes
Richard Penn Smith's Miscellaneous Works
Horse Shoe Robinson, by J. P. Kennedy.
Father and Daughter, by Fredrika Bremer.
Fashion and Famine, by Mrs. Ann Stephens
Mary Derwent, do.
Peculiar, by Epes Sargent.
Anecdotes of Love, by Lola Montez.
Age of Chivalry, by Thomas Bulfinch.
Tale of a Tub, &c., &c., by Dean Swift.
The Initials, a Story of Modern Life.
The Methodist, by Miriam Fletcher, 2 vols.
The World's Laconics; or Best Thoughts of Best Authors, in Prose and Poetry.
Robert Houdin, the Magician, by Mackenzie
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Letters to Young Ladies, by Rev. J. Bennett
Ladies' Guide to Perfect Gentility.
Dime Book of Etiquette.
The Reason Why—Natural History.
Daring and Suffering, by Lieut. Pittenger.
Titcomb's Letters to Young Folks.
" Lessons in Life.
" Letters to the Joneses.
" Gold Foil.
" Bitter Sweet.
The Trial, or More Links of the Daisy Chain
Book of Nonsense, by Edward Lear.
Nasby Papers, [Comico-Politico-Religico.]
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Zulu Land, by Rev. Lewis Grout.
Dutch and English Testament.
Bunyan's Pilgrim Progress.
" Holy War.
The Three Mrs. Judson's and other Daughters of the Cross, by Rev. D. Eddy.
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The Morning of Life.
The Faded Hope, by Mrs. L. H. Sigourney.
The Guardian Angels, or Friends in Heaven, by Mrs. Sarah Gould.
The Daughter of Affliction, a memoir of the Protracted Sufferings and Religious Experience of Miss Mary Rankin.
Barnes' Family Prayers.
Jay's Family Prayers.
Fleetwood's Life of Christ.
Shelley's Poetical Works.
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The New Fortune Teller, or the Poetical Fate Book.
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Soyer's Standard Cookery.
Miss Acton's Modern Cookery.
Dime Cook and Recipe Books.
Household Economy, by M. G. St. Jean.
The Family Doctor, by Prof. Taylor, M. D.
Downing's Fruit and Fruit Trees of America.
The Farm; Manual of Practical Agriculture
The Garden, do. do. Horticulture
The Barnyard, a Manual of Cattle, Horse, and Sheep Husbandry.
A Method of Incresing the Yield of the Milch-Cow, by John Neffen.
Mayhew's Illustrated Horse Management.
" Doctor.
The Horse and His Diseases, by Jennings.
Rarey's Practice of Horse Taming.
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Mysteries of Bee-Keeping, by M. Quinby.
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McElligott's American Debater.
Whately's Selection of Synonyms.
Davies' Logic and Utility of Mathematics.
Gilfillan